PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

IN THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

No. 53,651—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1905. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.
BRAND Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 1905. Saturday. 2 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
25th Nov.	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
2nd Dec.	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
9th ,,	MOOLTAN	10000	.....	.....
16th ,,	ORIENTAL	5284	MARMORA	10509
23rd ,,	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
30th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MACEDONIA	10512
6th Jan. 1906	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	.....
13th Jan	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6522
20th ,,	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....
27th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6398
3rd Feb.	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
10th ,,	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
17th ,,	CHINA	.....	.....	.....
24th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	BRITANNIA	6525
3rd Mar.	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
10th ,,	ORIENTAL	5284	MOLDAVIA	10009
17th ,,	MACEDONIA	10512	.....	.....
24th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MONGOLIA	10000
31st ,,	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....
7th Apl.	ORIENTAL	5284	MOOLTAN	10000
14th ,,	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
21st ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	MARMORA	10509
28th ,,	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	.....
5th May	ORIENTAL	5284	VICTORIA	6522
12th ,,	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
19th ,,	PENINSULAR	5294	HIMALAYA	6398
26th ,,	MACEDONIA	10512	.....	.....

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favour able terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 30th October, 1905.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS on SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Etienne	30th Nov. 1905.
KARRA	4,248	Sallier	28th Dec. ,,
MEKA	6,876	Schmitz	25th Jan. 1906
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	22nd Feb ,,
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	22nd Mar ,,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
SYDNEY	4,255	Combe	9th Dec. 1905.
AUSTRALIEN	6,635	Verron	6th Jan. 1906.

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 735, 2nd class Rs. 535, 3rd class Rs. 295.
For further Particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
81, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

MAY 1st 1905.

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.

From BOMBAY via KARACHI TO LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA); LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Commander	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
B	Prome	3389	*M'Kay	1905 2nd Nov	1905 14th Nov	1905 28th Nov	1905 3rd Dec
B	Brankome Hall	4200	*Rood	11th ,,	23rd ,,	7th Dec	14th ,,
A	City of Karachi	5500	Collin	21st ,,	2nd Dec	16th ,, 1906	30th ,, 1905
B	Eden Hall	3810	*Haddy	5th Dec	18th ,,	1st Jan.	6th Jan.

Steamers marked * have no Electric Light.

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to
KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents, ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,
BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.
Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing Date	Time. Route,—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon. 27 Nov.	10 a.m. P'Bunder & Cutch
LAMA	2170	Tues. 28 Nov.	4 p.m. Kathiawar Ports
DWARKA	1700	Thur. 30 Nov.	9 a.m. Cutch Mandvie
LHASA	2170	Frid. 24 Nov.	7 a.m. (direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.
S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,670 tons, on MONDAY, 27th Nov. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder, Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Koweit and Bushire.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.
S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 30th Nov. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Koweit and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.
S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on or about 6th Dec. calling at Seychelles, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.
S. S. "NOWSHERA," 3,024 tons, on or about 24th Nov.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).
Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to :—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
23rd November, 1905.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	To sail on
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Dec, 1905.
IMPERATRIX	G. Grezzo	4,194	1st Jan, 1906.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Feb, ,,

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 500	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
† SILESIA	L. de Stabile	6,000	5th Dec, 1905.
*† TRIESTE	D. Mistrorigo	5,095	19th Dec, ,,
*† NIPPON	L. Soich	6,316	24th Jan, 1906

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

(1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 489, Saloon Rs. 311)

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. are issued at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
CHINA	A. Leva	6,000	26th Nov. 1905

For further particulars regarding Passages, Apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent General.
Sassoon House, 54, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.

(transhipping at PORT SAID),

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Dec. 1905.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th Jan. 1906.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Feb, ,,

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	600	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 2 years	,, 900	,, 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815 ; 2nd Class, Rs. 625. Special Rates for Missionaries, Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	16th Dec. 1905.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Jan. 1906.
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Cogliolo	17th Feb, ,,

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 155, and to HONGKONG Rs. 230.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Horaby Road, No. 59.

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Review, Calcutta Review, &c., &c. Apply C. J., care of "Bombay Gazette."

COMPLETE NEW STOCK
IN ALL
DEPARTMENTS.
SUITINGS, SHIRTINGS, HATS, HELMETS, WALKING STICKS, HOSIERY, SCARVES, COLLARS, TRUNKS, BAGS, THE LATEST WEST END MODELS.
INSPECTION INVITED.
HOAR & CO., {THE HOUSE for GENT'S GOODS,} BOMBAY.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.
STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY, AND THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'-WAR.
105, MEDOW'S STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHEDDAR,
At 14 ans. per lb.
FRY'S CHOCOLATES (Assorted) in Fancy boxes.
FRY'S CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS AND COMFITS (Assorted) in Bots.
BREAKFAST HAM (York cut)
At Re. 1 per lb.
BACON, (middle choice)
At 15 ans. per lb.
ALL KINDS OF FRENCH, ITALIAN AND GERMAN STORES.

GOOD NILGIRI COFFEE.
DIRECT FROM THE CURING WORKS.
TRADE S. & CO. MARK

	Rs.	a.
30 lbs. bags Large Coffee delivered free at any Railway Station between Coimbatore and Bombay	12	0
6 1-lb. tins Finest Ground Coffee, Red Ensign label, delivered free of all charges at any address in India—V. P. Post	6	0
1 5-lb. tin Terramia Orange Pekoe Tea do. do. do.	5	0

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF WHOLE and GROUND COFFEE and TEA.
APPLY TO T. STANES & CO.,
COFFEE WORKS, COIMBATORE.
Bombay Wholesale Agents :—
MESSRS. BRADFORD & CO.

MONGINI BROTHERS'
HIGH CLASS CONFECTIONERS
25-27-29, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE NO. 325.

THE
INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR NOVEMBER, 1905:
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
INDIAN RAILWAYS.
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS,
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA AND ABROAD
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION.
STEAM-BOAT AND DAK COMPANIES.
PLACES OF INTEREST ALONG THE COAST.
A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA
SHOWING THE PRINCIPAL RAILWAY STATIONS ON THE INDIAN LINES.
PRICE, EIGHT ANNAS. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, Rs. 5.

FOR THE BEST PIANOS
FOR CASH, HIRE OR HIRE-PURCHASE
FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS
APPLY TO
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.
FULL ILLUSTRATED DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

THE ASSOCIATED VINEYARD CULTIVATORS CO.'S
BEEHIVE BRANDY,
NO. 1 COGNAC.
THIS BRANDY is much approved in Great Britain, America and Australia and has been recognised for upwards of a century. It needs only to be tasted to be appreciated.
OF ALL WINE MERCHANTS IN BOMBAY AND THE MOFUSSIL.

COOK'S HOTEL COUPONS ACCEPTED.
A FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
COMMANDS A SPLENDID VIEW OF THE MAIDAN.
UNDOUBTEDLY THE HEALTHIEST AND MOST ACCESSIBLE LOCALITY IN CALCUTTA.
Every BEDROOM has a BATHROOM Attached.
ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS.
Telegrams and Letters receive prompt attention.
CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
CALCUTTA.
TABLE D'HOTE RESERVED FOR HOTEL RESIDENTS AND THEIR GUESTS.
RESTAURANT a LA CARTE and PRIVATE DINING ROOMS on the Ground floor, with separate entrance. No public bar kept.
SPACIOUS PAVILION, SPECIALLY INTENDED FOR LADIES,
REPLETE WITH EVERY COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE.
F. A. BOSCOLO. Proprietor.

PLEASE NOTE THAT
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA
IS THE ONLY ONE
In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA ! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.
BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.
GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.
BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies ? I have been selling them for years all over this country ans in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.
GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.
A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion
PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.
Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co. etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

TOWN HALL.

SATURDAY, NOV. 25.
AND EVERY EVENING.
FOR A SHORT SEASON
Advent to the East of the
BIJOU TROUBADOURS,
A Brilliant Brigade of Baby Burlesquers.
15—PERFORMERS—15
Sons and Daughters of Prominent Players, whose ages range from 5 to 13 years.
AND WHOSE PERFORMANCES HAVE PROVED
A REVELATION.
IVY NICHOLLS,
The Dainty Soubrette, in her Great Character Impersonations.
BERT SPENCER,
The Wonderful-Boy Soprano.
LITTLE ELLA NUGENT (the MIGHTY ATOM)
The youngest and Cleverest Song and Dance Artiste and Versatile Performer that has ever visited the East.
PAUL JEACLE,
Pocket Comedian.
BERYL HARWARD,
Coon Songstress and Buck Dancer.
IVY—THE WADDRELL SISTERS—ELSIE
Club Swingers, Dustists, and Fancy Dancers,
PERCY GILBERT,
Coster Impersonator,
ALMA TWYFORD,
The Child Contralto,
MARCELLA GREY,
The Graceful Serio,
GEORGE LINDSAY,
Champion Skipping-Rope and Toe Dancer.
NELLIE STEWART,
Dashing Serio and Dancer.
Nellie—THE KELTON SISTERS—Marcella
In their Great "Hottentot Dance."
Ivy—THE DARTONS—Beryl,
In their Famous "Scare-Crow Dance."
Baby Liddie, THE CHILD WONDER.
Charming Ballets and National Dances, Everything New; Sweet Voices, Fresh Faces, and Magnificent Costumes (by Madame Everett.)
PRICES: Rs. 3, 2 AND 1.
Plan of reserved seats at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.
DOORS OPEN 8-30 P. M. OVERTURE 9-30.
MATINEES: WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY.
CHILDREN HALF PRICE TO ALL PARTS.
LIDDIARD & MIDDLETON,
Proprietors.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fort-nightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail.
* BUNDERATH.....	3098	Ulrich	4th Dec.
SOMALI.....	2655	Winkler ...	18th ,,

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMU, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE Coast ports and DURBAN.

* Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

For Rates and Particulars apply to

A. STRANDES,
Agents.

24, Medows Street, Bombay, 21st October, 1905.

S. S. "ASTON HALL."

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCK, Chafed or Broken Packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in boats, at Steamer's Option, at their Risk and Expense.

Captain MACFADYEN will attend every morning to survey Damages, etc., and all Claims must be certified to by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Messrs. EDWARD BATES and SONS' AGENCY,
Apollo Street, Bombay, 22rd November, 1905.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

UNDER THE AUSPICES
OF THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD
THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE N. G. CHANDAVARKER
will deliver a public address in English
ON
SATURDAY, the 25TH NOVEMBER, 1905,
AT 6 P. M.
in the PRARTHANA MANDIR, GIRGAON.
SUBJECT—
सच्चिदानंद (Sacchidanand).
All are cordially invited to attend.
18th November, 1905.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

THE FIRST PRACTICE of the season will be held in the TOWN HALL on 27th instant at 5-45 P. M., when a full attendance of MEMBERS is REQUESTED.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received by the Undersigned in his Office up to 12 noon on MONDAY, the 4th December, 1905, for LOADING, UNLOADING and STACKING COAL and WOOD and for cutting, and splitting firewood and stacking the same at several Stations on the Broad Gauge Section including Branches and the Hajipla State and Gaekwar's Dabhoi Railways during the year 1906.

The form of Tender can be had on application to the Undersigned and payment of Annas 8.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

Tenders should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Loading, Unloading and Stacking Coal and Wood etc."

W. P. JOHNSON.,
Loco: & Carr: Superintendent.

Parel Works, 20th November, 1905.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

THOS. COOK AND SON.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS,

BOMBAY CALCUTTA. RANGOON

Current and Deposit Accounts opened.
Pay and Pensions collected.
Drafts and Cable Transfers issued.
Shares bought and sold; Dividends realised.
Insurances effected; Premiums paid.
Agency Business undertaken.
Rules of business on application.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion. One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 3. We recommend it.—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS:—We are now showing an excellent and choice selection of E.P. Ware, Cutlery, Crockery, Table and Bed Linens, Cretonnes, etc. Inspection invited. M. BRESLAUER & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

SOMETHING NEW IN BOMBAY.—PORTRAIT PAINTING in oils on Photographic Basis as good as canvas. RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS have secured the services of a Special European Artist who is an expert in this class of painting, and has done plenty of work for the Royalty at Home. Terms nearly half the usual in this style. Please come and inspect a few samples & satisfy yourself.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Nippon Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE—An English built Canoe LANDAU by Windover of London, just thoroughly done up in perfect good and sound condition. Apply FORT COACH FACTORY, Mody Bay.

WANTED an experienced BILL CLERK for a Solicitor's Office. Apply Box 571 N., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED a EUROPEAN YOUTH as an assistant in the Telegraph Department of a large English Firm. Apply No, 888N, care of this Paper.

WANTED Gentlemen to get their Applications, Memorials, Appeals prepared in a very effective style to insure success. Done in expert form. Apply to Box "No. 1234A Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 2-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re 1-0-0; Breakfast As. 12. Dinners served till late hours.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

COTTON BUSINESS.—Cotton, and Seed, and Factory Business, Upcountry, WANT POST as Manager, or Assistant in these, for Buying Cotton, Wheat, Seeds &c. Working Factories, Pressing and Ginning, Jute, Flour, Oil, and other Mills. Have served for 20 Twenty years, as Agent to European Firms. Visited Steam Factories, and Travelled throughout India. Proficient in Opening New Stations. Also Erected and Dismantled Factories. Highest Testimonials. Address, "OOMRA," care of "Bombay Gazette."

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly good and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronised by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Grooms and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee. Fee Bombay, Rs. 2, and Mofussil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Established 1878.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY. SURGERY SUPERSEDED.—SURGERY not needed at all:—Thorough cures for Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis, Piles, Fistula, with its horrible and maddening agonies, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases, Fatty or windy body (reduction in such a body from 4 to 6 inches certain after 15 days' treatment) Rheumatism, Gout, Paralysis, Spermatorrhœa, Sterility, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nasal complaints, Leprosy and all sorts of malignant diseases are thoroughly cured by infallible and harmless vegetable medicines, Apply Dr. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, of Benares, Pardeo Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Motiwala's Chawl, Pardeo, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A TIBETAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, with Sanskrit Synonyms, by Sarat Chandra Das, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E. Revised and Edited under the orders of the Government of Bengal by Graham Sandberg, B. A., and A. William Heyde. Apply "Q." care of "Bombay Gazette."

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY Neatly printed. Price 2 Annas. Can be had at the Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum Rs 12 Half-yearly Rs 6; Quarterly Rs 3 for subscribers in Bombay; Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross London.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 2 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged for the Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per annum free of postage. Single Subscription Re. 1 per copy free of postage.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL 150 sold and by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Masagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ltd., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ltd., at Rs 5-0-0 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-1-0 per case, at Baroda.

CHESTER BRAND HIGH GRADE of AMERICAN 125° Fire Test Oil, Imported by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, sold at their Godowns, Masagon.

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail addition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas, 30 days to one year, 1 rupee and of older dates than one year from Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE a CROWN FOLIO TREADLE MACHINE (by Harrold of London in fairly good condition. For particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT "Bombay Gazette" Press.

HIGH CLASS TAILORING

AT MODERATE PRICES.
GUARANTEED BEST MATERIAL.
NICELY MADE AND WELL FINISHED.

Washing	Suit	... from Rs.	10
Flannel	do.	... ,, ,,	18
Navy Serge	do.	... ,, ,,	25
Tweed	do.	... ,, ,,	25

Urgent orders promptly executed.
Fit guaranteed.
Gentlemen passing through Bombay can procure all they require at our Establishment.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
PLEASE REGISTER YOUR ORDERS SOON.

E. E. GOREY & CO.,
NAVAL OUTFITTERS AND CIGARS MERCHANTS,
121, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY
NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF VALUABLE FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER BY MADRASI CARPENTERS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction next to Mr. James Pearse and above the Post Office in Apollo Street, Fort, valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French polished household furniture made to order by Madrasi carpenters, such as bevelled mirror single and double almyras, wardrobes, cloths presses, glass book cases, revolving bookstands, revolving and plain top office tables, revolving office chairs, marble topped tables, teapoys, drawing-room suites of sofas and chairs, lined silk tapestry, bevelled mirror cabinets, chiffoniers, jardiniers, lady's writing table, easy and low chairs, mirrored side-board dinner waggon, dining room chairs wall brackets mirrored chests of drawers, marble topped dressing and wash-hand tables, clothe baskets reclining sofas etc.

The furniture is on view.

BONA FIDE SALE.

A rare opportunity to secure Christmas Presents.

Auction Sale of valuable Gold and Silver Jewellery suitable for presents.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Room on account of the concerned—

Valuable gold and silver jewellery set with rubies, pearls opals, turquoises diamonds, emeralds, etc., consisting of brooches, rings charms, links, ear studs, watch bracelets, flexable bracelets, lady's pearl buckle, gold lockets, pins, silver alarm clocks, cigarette cases with match boxes, leather silver mounted cigar cases, oxidised silver single a double chains, cigar holders in silver cases, enamelled pendant watches surrounded by pearls, silver gilt cuff bracelets, photo links, masonic links, silver gilt enamelled brooches and charms etc., suitable for Christmas presents.

The above is on view.

On SUNDAY, the 26th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by public Auction at Foras Road opposite the Iron Foundary, the stock-in-trade of Messrs. A. Wilson & Co., Chemists and Druggists, consisting of Medicine in bottles and Jars, patent Medicine, surgical instruments, large size English glass Jars with covers glass door cupboard show cases, shelves, stands etc.

The above is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as cupboards, tables, chairs, writing dressing and wash hand tables book and hat stands, etc.

AT 2 P. M.

Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 second-hand light victoria.
1 second-hand light vis-a-vis,
1 strong built double-seated brougham.
1 strong built dogcard.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

BONA-FIDE SALE,

By order of the Trustees,

On TUESDAY, the 28th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Mahomed Buildings, 1st Floor, Hornby Road. Fort, next to Messrs Singer Bro. Co., and opposite the Novelty Theatre by Order of the Trustees, the Valuable, and handsome Solid black wood and teakwood dining room, drawing-room and bedroom furniture, of the best make and workmanship made to order, by Devjee Canjee and recently polished by M. Breslauer consisting of carved, pictures, black wood cabinet solid, teakwood, marble-top large sideboard and teapoys, drawing room sofas with horse hair and lined in silk tapestry rich cut glassware by Treachers; Stone China Crockeryware real Bohemian flowered dessert services with fruit stands; handsomely chased ruby colour Sweetmeat bowls and cheese stand, embossed with Moorish work; beautifully gilted ruby colour liquor stand with sweet music; genuine solid nickel metal best Plated ware by Bolton and Hamilton large old Steel Engravings real Bronze statue on stand exhibited in Paris Exhibition; drawing room old rare China Wall-plates; inframes and large old China jars with Cocoa on stands, real porcelain Cabinet ornaments and figures under domes, including the beautiful statue of Queen Elizabeth on horseback; porcelain, China and ivory table-ornaments; windproof hanging and table lamps by Hinks and Dismar Singer's sewing machine on stand, complete English stove by Newberg; troophip in case made by late Sir Henry Morland, rich large Persian carpet from Kerman &c.

The property of a deceased Lady.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

SALE OF A YACHT "JANTHE" WITH ITS FURNITURE.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General as the administrator of the estate of late L. W. G. Hivett-Carnac Esq. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will on TUESDAY the 5th proximo at 3 p.m. sell by Public Auction,

The Yacht Janthe with its furniture near Sewree Bunder where it now lies.

A deposit of 25 p. c. will be required at the time of sale,

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT MAHIM BAZAR ROAD, MAHIM.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell the undermentioned properties by Public Auction on SUNDAY the 10th day of December, 1905, at 4 p. m. on the premises by order of the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Shirinbai, wife of Cursetjee Jamsetjee Chandana, the mortgagor and the said Cursetji Jamsetjee Chandana, the Co-Debtor, in pursuance of the power of sale vested in the mortgage under an Indenture of Mortgage of the said property dated the 2nd day of July, 1903, and made between the Mortgagor of the first part the Co-Debtor of the 2nd part and the mortgagee of the 3rd part.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

Firstly:—All that piece or parcel of land ground or cast formerly of the Pension and Tax tenure but now of Freehold Tenure fall Pension and Tax cesse for the same having been redeemed from Government) with the messuage, tenement or bungalow, stable cookroom and out houses standing thereon situate lying and being at Mahim Bazar Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 898 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 3926, New Survey No. 1536 and bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Crisna Baboo, on or towards the West by the said Mahim Bazar Road, on or towards the North by a public passage and on or towards the south partly by the property formerly of Govind Koky, and now of the mortgagor hereinafter secondly described and partly by the passage leading from the premises hereby granted to the well on the South side which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under G Ward No 4743 and Street No. 72 and G Ward No 4744 (1) and Street No 7 and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Mortgagor.

Secondly:—All that pieces or parcel of land formerly of the pension and tax tenure but now of freehold tenure (all Pension and tax cesses the same having been redeemed from the Government) with the messuage tenement or bungalow and outhouse standing thereon containing by admeasurement 603 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of land Revenue under Collectors old No. 249 and New No. G/3736, old survey No. 1-13 and new survey No. 8-1536 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal taxes under G Ward No. 4736 (3) and Street No. 3 & 5 all which premises are situated on the East side of Mahim Bazar Road at Bombay in the Registration sub-district of Bombay and are bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the east by a Gully and beyond that by the property of Harivalabdass Bhugwandas and on or towards the West by the said Mahim Bazar Road, on or towards the north by the property of the mortgagor hereinafter firstly described, and on or towards the south by a passage which said premises are now in the occupation of the morigagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shamrao and Minocheher. Attorneys for the mortgagee at their office No. 21 Forbes Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 24th November, 1905.

M[illegible] & COMPANY
MEDOW STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS FOR REMOVAL.

By order of the municipal commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. M[illegible]JEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell for removal by public Auction at Maruti Street, No. 19, 21, 23, Fort, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 24th November, 1905, at 3-30 p.m., the materials of the said building

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 24th November, 1905.

Youth & Vigour
TO ALL
MEN.

EVERYONE who is suffering should write for this Prescription. No matter how weak and debilitated you are, nor of how long standing your disease may be; you should seize this opportunity of being cured. It matters not how your disease has been acquired, nor how many medicines or treatments you have tried without obtaining a cure; I guarantee a restoration to Health, Strength, and Vigour by the use of my Prescription. This Prescription has obtained a world-wide fame, and has cured many thousands of sufferers from these most distressing and weakening maladies. It renews Manhood and gives Health, Strength, and Vigour to the Weak. Stops all drains and losses. It cures Nervous Debility in every form, Lost Manhood, Youthful Imprudence, Loss of Energy, Loss of Vital Power, Seminal Weakness, Dimness of Sight, Impotence, Despondency, Melancholy, Evil Forebodings, Wasting Decay, Pains in the Loins, Pimples and Eruptions on the Face and Body, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Frightful Dreams, Emaciation, Fœtid Breath, Brain Fag, Nervousness, Low Spirits, Timidity, Varicocele, Spermatorrhœa, Diseases of the Bladder, Weakness of the Genital Organs, and all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, &c., &c. Write to-day, and take advantage of the cure offered to you, it will cost you nothing, and will make your life bright and happy. Send stamped addressed envelope to Rev. Joseph Hope, St. Cloud, Worthing, England. (Name this Paper).

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine wines and liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB BLEND WHISKY.

A FIRST CLASS BRAND AT A MODERATE PRICE.

WELL WORTH A TRIAL

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co. LD., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND.....£525,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Tuticorin.
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Zanzibar.
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Mombassa.
Kurrachee.	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Malindi.
Steamer Point,	Aden.	Kandy,	Chittagong.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
Acting Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (paid up) .....Rs. 15,60,000
RESERVE FUND (In Government Paper) .....Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on applicatit on.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Capital paid up..... Gold $3,250,000 ; 00
Reserve Fund and
Undivided Profits..... Gold $3,288,424 ; 51

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopgate Str. Within, E.C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Manila.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	City of Mexico,	San Francisco.
Hongkong.	Shangai.	Washington, D. C
Kobe.	Yokohama.	Canton

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street,

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL..... £800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £875,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..... £800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
ATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET LONDON.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Calcutta	Kwala Lumpor	Saigon
Madras	Bangkok	Shanghai
Rangoon	Batavia	Tientsin
Colombo	Sourabaya	Hankow
Penang	Manilla	Yokohama
Thaiping	Cebu (Philippines)	Kobe
Medan, Deli (Sumatra)		New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Acting Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	Yen	24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,,	18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND..	,,	9,940,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS	,,	800,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

London,	Shanghai,	Port Arthur,	Kobe.
Lyons,	Hongkong.	Mukden.	Osaka.
New York.	Tientsin	Tairen.	Tokyo.
San Francisco.	Peking.	Chefoo.	Nagasaki.
Honolulu.	Newchang.	Tieling.	Bombay.

LONDON BANKERS.

The Bank of England: The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS, FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£562,500
RESERVE FUNDS.....	£110,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KURRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 8,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank Egypt).
Wm. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.
A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS Esqr, } Managers.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG,
BANGKOK.	KOBE.	RANGOON
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	MANILA.	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA.	NAGASAKI.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NEW YORK.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	PEKING.	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG.		YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding, Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial place in Europe, India, Australia, America China and Japan.

J. A. JEFFREY, Acting Agent
7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per measem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per measem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Horse Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with new types of modern style and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 2 per inch); Fourth and onward Two Annas Re. 1 per inch); Twice or Once a week: First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 3 per inch); Fourth and onward Three Annas per line (Rs. 1-8 per inch). Minimum Charges Rs. 2.

FOR SALE

A HIGH two-wheeled DOG CART English made, Rubber-tyres, Suitable for horse of 14-15 hands nearly new. Rs. 600 or reasonable offer. Also HARNESS. Apply

A. E. BOYD,
Custom House.

NOTICE.

WANTED on probation of 3 months a competent and experienced BILLIARD MARKER (Hindu—not of low castes—Mahomedan or Christian), for the State Officers' Club, Indore. Apply with copies of testimonials stating terms to the HONORARY SECRETARY, State Officers' Club, Indore, C. I.

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.

DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE.

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles; also for Naptha Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &

ST. LUKE'S MIRACULOUS
EMBROCATION
The great Remedy for pain.
ACTS LIKE A CHARM Re 1.
SOLD BY
BEYNON & Co.,
CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further extensions and renovations
Rooms airy and commodious
with Bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Dagfred, 659 tons, Captain O M Milbery, sailed yesterday for Singapore in ballast.

THE steamer Forest Brook 1729 tons Captain J N Binks will sail to-day for Baltimore, with a general cargo

THE steamer Dunrobin 2319 tons Captain M Ransom, will sail to-day for Middlesbro, with a general cargo,

THE B I S N Co's steamer Sindhana 2073 tons, Captain A G Abbott, sailed yesterday for Rangoon &c with a general cargo.

THE steamer Hild, 716 tons Captain J Salvesen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bangkok, 10th November, with a cargo of timber,

THE B I S N Co's steamer Onda, 3410 tons, Captain F Alton arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, 13th November, with a cargo of coal

THE steamer Sangola, 3348 tons, Captain W H Jacobs, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta 1st November, with a general cargo and18 deck passengers.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Naderi, 1168 tons Captain T S Mylerist arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Jeddah 9th November with a general cargo. Mr H F Hill Mr G F Joyce Mr L B do Bunnetal and 3 deck passengers.

THE Hall Line steamer Aston Hall, 2, 22 tons, Captain C McFee, arrived in harbour yesterday from Glasgow and Liverpool, with a general cargo and the following passengers—Mr and Mrs C F Sargon, and child, Mr and Mrs A L Wright, and infant, Captain W E Norris, and Mr J W Papworth.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
22	Naderi s	Mylerist	Jeddah Nov 9
23	Sangola s	Jacobs	Calcutta Nov 1
	Aston Hall s	McFee	Glasgow Oct 20
	Hild s	Salvesen	Bangkok Nov 10
	Onda	Alton	Calcutta Nov 13

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
23	Kola s	Chappell	Persian Gulf
	Dagfred	Milbery	Singapore
	Sindhana s	Abott	Rangoon &c
	St Gabriel Fort Cruiser	de Mello	Marmugao

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday.
Steamer Forest Brook Binks for Baltimore
" Dunrobin Ransom for Middlesbro

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Aston Hall for Liverpool &c
" Argenfels for amburg and Karachi
" Naderi for Red Sea Ports

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Messageries Maritimes Co.'s s. s. Sydney left Marseilles for Bombay on the 22nd inst and she is expected here on Thursday, the 7th proximo en route to Australia

DAILY EXPORTS.—Nov. 23.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Aston Hall s—200 bales hemp P Bhimjee, 300 cwt sweeping J Ramji, 10000 cwt wheat Sanday and Co, 5000 cwt mowrassed N Khairaz and Co, 2000 cwt bonemeal Mooljee Jamal, 570 cwt myrabollams Ebjee Oomersey, 1498 cwt oilcakes, 200 cwt tilseed 700 cwt mowrassed and 500 cwt fenneised Baner and Krause,

Olympia s—150 bales hemp A Bra well and Co, 190 bales wool M J Joonabhoy and Co, 200 bales wool and gunt hair W and A Graham and Co 75 bales wool R Tatla, 129 bales wool The Bombay Company 281 bales wool J Kara, 2000 cwt Kurdee cakes E D Sassoon and Co, 127 bales wool Ewart Latham and Co, 4000 cwt cottonseed and 3598 cwt oil cakes Ralli Bros 20 bales goat hair R M Kooka, 500 cwt dilseed Baner and Krause 72 bales wool Cassum Joosub 52 bales wool David assoon and Co, 0 bales wool The Bombay Co 26 bales wool Finlay Muir and Co, 375 cwt oil cake Ralli Bros, 48 bales wool David Sassoon and Co,

FOR HAVRE.

Aston Hall s—1057 cwt myrabollams Ebjee Oomersey, 2000 cwt linseed Volkart Bros,

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—12000 cwt cottonseed Ralli Bros,

Kt Bachelor s—417 cwt cottonseed Volkart Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES

Olympia s—1000 cwt teelseed 1000cwt castorseed 3340 cwt wheat and 12100 cwt mowrassed Ralli Bros 1485 cwt mowrassed and 500 cwt wheat J Fachir.

Melbourne s—3000 cwt teelseed Ralli Bros.

Diego Suarez s—1280 cwt gingellyseed J Fachirl 50 cwt gum D Valleybhoy and Co. 42 cwt methiseed R Jeewandas.

FOR SPAIN

Olympia s—11 [illegible] 00 cwt wheat Ralli Bros

[illegible] s—9 cwt gonda horns K N Miani

FOR ANTWERP.

Kt Bachelor s—4270 cwt linseed Ralli Bros; 1000 cwt gingellyseed Killick Nixon and Co; 208 bales hemp P Bhimjee; 4000 cwt rapeseed N Khairaz and Co; 7023 cwt gingellyseed J Fachiri; 2000 cwts castorseed 940 cwts rapeseed J Cama and Co; 50 cwts gum D Valleybhoy and Co

Argenfels s—100 bales hemp and 1004 cwt myrabollams E Oomersey, 830 bales cotton S Framjee and Co, 500 cwt myrabollams A Abdul Curim and Co, 12063 cwt linseed Ralli Bros, 100 bales hemp, and 350 cwts Kiddie Reeve and Co

FOR HAMBURG.

Argenfels s—220 bales cotton Gill and Co, 220 bales cotton S Framjee and Co, 55 bales cotton J A Begbie and Co, 567 cwt bonemeal M Jamal, 2000 cwt oil cake M J Joomabhoy and Co 100 cwts fenneqree Volkart Bros, 7833 cwt myrabollams W Becher, 12 cases Jubbulpore stone R Girdhardial and Co, 2000 cwt oil cakes K B Sanjan, 500 cwt weedseed and 2500 cwt myrabollams A Abdulcurim and Co, 25 bales hemp P Bhimjee 448 bales cotton 6000 cwts castorseed 500 cwts poppyseed and 11457 cwts linseed Ralli Bros, 150 cwt mustardseed Worman and Co, 2250 cwts myrabollams K Krishna

FOR BREMEN.

Argenfels s—200 bales Cotton Ralli Brothers.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Olympia s—425 bales twist Max Klem,

FOR NEWYORK.

Olympia s—18 bales skins, Max Klem,

FOR TRIESTE

Imperator s—82 cwts gum, G. Sojpal.

FOR VENICE.

Imperator s—110 bales Cotton, Gaddum and Co; 100 cwts gum, P. Jethabhoy.

FOR HONGKONG

Delta s—1 case perfumery R. Abdoolally; 03 cwts olibanum, A. H. Mowjee and Co; 500 bales twist, C. Ebrahim and Co; 400 bales twist, M. M. Essabhoy; 500 bales twist, Sassoon J. David and Co; 75 cwts fishmaws, C. Ebrahim and Co.

China s—500 bales twist David Sassoon and Co; 500 bales twist, Talati and Co; 500 bales twist, Sassoon J. David and Co

FOR SHANGHAI

Delta s—6 cases Indian Compliments, M. Poonjisjee and Sons; 87 bales piecegoods, Talati and Co.

FOR KOBE

Glenlee s—11 bales Cotton Tata and Co; 300 bales Cotton N. J. Abraham.

Delta s—3 cwts dry fruit and 3 cwts spices, A. A. Tyebally; 45 cwts poppyseed F. Fidahoosein; 10 cases condiments, M. Poogjisjee and Sons.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, Nov. 22.

SECURITIES—

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	89 5-16	= — 1-16
3 do. Rentes	100	= unchanged
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	105 3-4	= + 1-4
4 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	65 3-4	= unchanged
SILVER— Spot in London	29 11-16	= — 1-4
2 months hence	29	= — 1-4
Spot in New York	64 1-8	= — 1-2
EXCHANGES— "aris cheques	25-15	= + 1-2
Berlin "		=
New York Demand	4-86 1-4	= unchanged
DISCOUNTS— Bank of England	4 per cent	= unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	4 per cent	= do
6 " " Fine Trade	3 3-4 per cent	= do
3 " " Bills	4 3-8 per cent	= do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 3-8 per cent	= do
INTEREST— Day to day loans	3 3-4 per cent	= do
7 day market loans	3 3-4 per cent	= do

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £15,000

At the Periodical biddings for Council Bills for Rs. 80,00,000

Rs. 36'80	were allotted to	Calcutta
Rs. 25'20	do	Bombay
Rs. 12'20	do	Madras

Rs. 74'60 at 1s 4 1/32d.
Minimum rate received 13 per cent, average rate 16'03
Telegraphic Transfers—

1s.	3'40	were allotted to	Calcutta.
2s.	3'00	do	Bombay
Rs.	nil	do	Madras

Rs. 5'40 at 1s, 4 1/16d.
Minimum rate received 13 per cent, average rate 16'06
Total amount sold during the week, Rs. 1,00,00,000
Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 80,00,000
Extra allotments Bills on Calcutta, Rs. 60,000 at 1s,4 1-16d.
Transfers on Bombay, Rs. 2,00,000 at 1s.4 3-3 d.

TALLOW.

Finest Australian Beef	31-6
" " Mutton	35-0

Tone of Tallow auction quiet.

METALS—
Copper Braziers £84
Yellow metal 7

RAPESEED—
Yellow Guzerat 43 5-8 Nov.- Dec sellers
Brown 39 1-2 A-M value

LINSEED—
Linseed Hold 41 1-8+1-8 Nov-Dec sellers quiet

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 8 5-16

ARRIVALS—
Steamers—Othello, Djibouti and Lowenburg

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed excited, East Indian quiet, Manchester steady, Total Sales 8,000. Spot 6'08 plus 30. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 8 5-16. plus 3-16. Sold on speculation and for export 500. Imports 20,000. Futures closed steady.

Nov-Dec	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
6'01	6 03	6 07
+33	+33	+33
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May
6'10	6'13	6'14
+33	+33	+33
May-June	June-July	July-Aug
6'16	6 17	6'18
+33	+33	+33

Receipts at U S Ports 53,000
Do last year 47,000
Exports to Great Britain 19,000
Do. do Continent 17,000

IN NEW YORK—

Spot	11 65	+ 50
Futures, month of Dec	11 18	— 8 } a
Do do. Mar	11 54	— 8 }

a Declined owing to weak cables and to bear pressure and bulls unloading

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot	11 1-2	unchgd
Futures, month of Feb	11 54	— 12
Do, do. May	11 84	— 11
Tone at close	steady	

Liverpool quotations for East Indian cotton are all raised 1-8d.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 24 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 22nd Nov. 1905 :—

Cotton	6,018 bales.
Wheat	2,062 cwts.
Linseed	2,338 do
Rape, Kali and Mustard	1,225 do
Gingellyseed	12,671 do
Poppyseed	nil
Groundnut	191 do
Castorseed	2,020 do
Rice	5,611 do
Myrabolams	1,708 do
Cottonseed	10,868 do
Mowrseed	2,274 do
Gram	3,038 do
Jowar	1,041 do
Maize	104 do

BOMBAY, Nov. 23.

EXCHANGE.—Tone steady.

Bank T. T.	...	...	1s. 4 1-32d.
Bank Demand	...	...	1s 4 2-32d.
redit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A.			1s. 4 0-32d
Do, 6 do,	do.	...	1s. 4 13-32d.
French Francs 3 do.	do.	...	170 1-4 at 1-3
Marcks 3 do.	do.	...	139 at 1-4
Hongkong 30 Days Sight			149 1-2
Shanghai 30	do.	...	209
Japan 30	do.	...	149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone quiet.

Cash	...	...	98'3
1st Settlement, 1st December	...		98'3

Money Market, Tone steady.

BANK RATE— MONEY.

Bank of England since 28th Sept.	4	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 23rd Nov.	5	do.
Bank of Bengal do. 29th Sept.	5	do.
Bank of Madras do. 10th July	4	do.

SEEDS.

LINSEED—Tone firm.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	7	1	0
Forward dec	7	4	0

RAPESEED.—Tone steady

Brown Cawnpore Ready	6	13	0
Do Forward	6	13	0
Yellow Guzerat, Ready	7		0

POPPYSEED—Tone firm.

Ready	7	13	0
Forward	7	12	0

CASTORSEED—Tone steady.

Ready	29	8	0

GINGELLYSEED—Tone quiet.

Howree Khandeish ...	41	0	0
15 per cent Mixed ...	40	0	0

WHEAT—Tone steady.

White Delhi ready ...	5	2	0

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone ..... quiet
Estimated sales ..... 8,000 bales
Imports ..... 31,000 "

Nov-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
5'96	5 98	6 02
— 5	— 5	— 5
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April	April-May
6'05	6 08	6'09
— 5	— 5	— 5
May-June.	June-July	July.-Aug.
6'11	6'12	6 13
— 5	— 5	— 5

COTTON.—The market opened easier to-day with quotations about Rs. 2 lower all round. There has been a moderate enquiry and a fair business was done at Colaba.

The closing Gutta quotations are as follows :

Bengals fully good January	Rs 194
Broach M-G. good March	" 247

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Associations Limited :—

		Fine. F. G. Good.	Dely.
Bengal H. G. (Ry. terms)		200 192	25th Dec
Bengal(M.-G.)Ry. terms		206 198	25th Nov
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)		205 198	25th Dec
Oomrawutte (descriptions)	M.-G.	214	25th Jan
Khandeish, (M.-G.)		207	25th Jan
Khamgaum, fair staple	(M.-G.)	215	25th Jan
Karanja do,	(M.-G)		
Akola do,	(M.-G.)		
Dhamangaum Poolgaum	(M.-G.).	220	" "
Nagpur Kamptee	(M.-G.)	224	" "
Broach (M.-G.)		256	247 25th Mar
Muttia (M. G.)		210	Jan-Feb

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.
LONDON, Nov. 22.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed	excited
Scrab	quiet
Good Bhowrungger	1 26-32
The Manchester Market has been	steady
2 1/2 per cent Consols	89 5-16
3 per cent Rentes	100
3 1/2 per cent Sterling Loan	105 3-4
3 1/2 per cent Rupee Papers	65 3-4
Bar Silver	29 11-16

THE BANK RATE.

The Bank of Bombay, yesterday, raised its rate of interest on demand loans on Government Paper to 5 per cent.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which Lady Constance Howard writes "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that the name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notice (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CUMBERLEGE—October 27, at 93, Ashley Gardens, S W, the wife of Lieut Claude Cumberlege, R N, of a son.
HAWKINS—November 10, at Coimbatore, the wife of Sub-Conductor A G Hawkins, P W D, of a daughter.
KING—November 15, at Umballa, the wife of Sergeant-Major W H King, Mounted Infantry Staff, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

STEIN-HENDERSON—November 11, at St Andrew's Church, Calcutta, by the Rev T Scott, M A, Presidency Senior Chaplain, assisted by the Rev J C Chree, B D, George Keir Stein, Calcutta, to Helen Jobson, second daughter of Alex. Henderson, Blairgowrie, Scotland.

DEATHS.

PERRETT—Nov 7, at the Civil Hospital, Calicut, Edward Ebenezer Perrett, of the Madras Educational Service, retired.
WILLIAM—November 8, at Dehra, Margaret William, in her seventieth year.

BAD BLOOD IN HOT CLIMATES

is a danger which should be checked as soon as it appears.

BAD blood causes Boils, Pimples, Coarseness of Skin, Scrofula and such like complaints.

The use of CLOVERINE cleanses the system, purifies the blood, and makes it rich and pure. It stimulates the action, and by enabling it to perform its proper functions, makes the skin clear and pure and free from eruptions, adds a brilliancy to the complexion and acts generally as a tonic and a purifier.

Price per bottle Rs. 1-4.

KEMP & CO. LD.,
THE CHEMISTS,
Elphinstone Circle,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 13m, Sun sets, 5h. 21m. High water, 8-52m., 9-50a. Low water, 2-49m., 3-16a.
P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Mooltan, with English Mails of 10th instant, due to arrive at daylight.
Fifth Criminal Sessions.
Bombay Art Society, annual meeting, School of Art, 5-30 p.m.

PARSEE CYCLING CLUB.—Members meet at the Club Room at 6-15 a.m. and Hornby Vellard at 6-45 on Sunday the 26th, for a run to Mahim and back. Breakfast at Mahim.

MOTOR-CAR ACCIDENT.—Baloo Kanoo, a Hindu was, on Wednesday evening, crossing the Girgaum Road when he was accidentally knocked over by a motor-car belonging to Dr Underwood. The man fell on his face and had four of his teeth knocked out. He was removed to the J.J. Hospital for treatment.

LADY NORTHCOTE HINDU ORPHANAGE.—The following donations received in aid of the above orphanage :—H. B. T. C. Z. Rs. 150, One gentleman for dinner, Rs. 44-4-3; Shett Karsandas Vasanji for dinner Rs. 38-4-3. the second Presidency Magistrates Rs.35, and Shett Fakira Parshotam every year, Rs. 10.

FIRE AT GORUPDEO.—About eleven jowlee huts, in the occupation of Hindu cart drivers and situated at Gorupdeo were destroyed by fire yesterday. The Municipal fire engines at Byculla and Chinchpogly stations arrived on the scene shortly after the outbreak and extinguished the flames. A child of eleven months, who was sleeping in one of the huts, was burnt to death. The damage is estimated at Rs. 600.

THEFT FROM THE S. S. DELTA.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, before Mr. N. W. Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Sykes charged Ismail Moosa, a labourer, residing at Duncan Road, with committing the theft of an overcoat belonging to Albert Victor Cramp, a steward on board the P. & O. s.s. "Delta" and of a pair of shoes the property of Edward Pestlewaite, another steward on board the same steamer, now lying at No. 9 Shed Victoria Docks. Evidence showed that the accused went on board the steamer to do some work, and late at night, tried to make off with his booty, when he was arrested by a man on board and handed over to the police. The accused, who was an old offender, pleaded guilty to the charge and admitted four previous convictions. His Worship, in disposing of the case, sentenced the accused to two years' rigorous imprisonment including three months' solitary confinement, and to receive twenty stripes, and to report his residence to the police for three years after his release from jail.

ATTEMPTED INDECENT ASSAULT.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. N. W. Kemp, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Bodley prosecuted one Suleman Shaikali under section 354, of the I. P. Code, for an attempt to commit a criminal assault, upon a Hindu woman named Kashibai, at the Peoples' Fair. Mr. Rustum B. Parekh, pleader, defended the accused. The complainant raised an alarm, and the accused was handed over to the police, by the members of the complainant's party. The accused after a hard struggle with the policeman managed to get free, but was pursued and arrested again. The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge, saying he was standing behind the complainant, and he fell upon the complainant as he was pushed in by the crowd from behind. When the sepoy caught him by the neck, he had a struggle with him and stood aside. His Worship, in disposing of the case, convicted the accused and taking into consideration that he had been in jail already for a week, and that it was his first offence, sentenced him to fourteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

VICTOR HUGO'S "HERNANI" ON MARATHA BOARDS.—The Maharastra Dramatic Company have lately been performingthis play at the Grant Road Royal Theatre before crowded audiences, among whom were not a few Native Princes and Chiefs. The players are men who have received College education and started the society under the guidance of their Professors. They first appeared in Bombay last winter, and have since considerably improved in their acting. The pieces put on the stage are mostly Shakespearean. Victor Hugo's well-known tragedy—"Hernani"—has been specially adapted and contains many scenes of chivalry which were displayed on the stage in a manner reflecting great credit on the management. Karkhanis Hernani hit off the chivalrous bandit to life. The part of the heroine, Dona Sol,—the Juliet of the play—was well sustained by Tipnis, whose brother did equal justice to Don Carlos, the ambitious love-smitten monarch. Bhagwat's Don Ruy Gomes, the old nobleman, elicited much applause, especially in the 5th Act where he, Shylock-wise, holds Hernani to his bond. It was feared that this high class tragedy cast in the thought of the West, might not meet with a favourable reception at the hands of the Maratha playgoers, whose tastes have been considerably influenced by the operatic performances of a kind so much in vogue, but the unabated applause of the audience was an agreeable surprise. To European gentlemen working for departmental examinations and wishing to pick up Marathi idiom and correct accent, these performances cannot fail to prove helpful.

BOMBAY SERVICES.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Badrudin Tyabji, Barrister-at-Law, Judge of his Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Bombay, is granted with effect from the 25th November, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, such privilege leave as may be admissible to him in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to one year.

Captain H. W. Berthon, Assistant Political Agent, Third Grade, to be Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar.

Messrs. W. B. Manley, E. P. White and O. A. Harker to be Third Grade Assistant Superintendents of Police on probation, and to place them under the orders of the Superintendents of Police of Kathiawar, Belgaum and Khandesh, respectively, pending further orders.

Mr. E. J. Bolus, I.C.S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Poona, is invested with the following additional powers :—Power to require security for good behaviour, power to make orders as to local nuisances and power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen, etc.

Mr. H. L. Painter, B.A., (Oxon.) I.C.S., to be a member of the Sub-Committee for Vernacular Examinations of the Central Committee for Departmental Examinations vice Mr. O. V. Vernon, B.A. (Oxon.), I.C.S.

The privilege leave for three months granted to Mr. P.H. Haigh, I.C.S., Assistant Collector, Kanara, is cancelled,

Mr. A. D. Brown, I. C. S., has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr. O. Rothfeld, I. C. S., is granted one month's examination leave.

Captain C. H. S. Lincoln, I.M.S., to be Professor of Materia Medica and Pharmacy, Grant Medical College, Bombay.

Captain C. R. Bakhle, I.M.S., to be Civil Surgeon, Bijapur.

Captain C. H. S. Lincoln, I.M.S., to be Resident Surgeon, St. George's Hospital, Bombay.

2nd Battalion, Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Robert Woolbert, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., to be Honorary Surgeon vice Lieuteuant-Colonel D. ffrench Mullen transferred to Mount Abu with effect from the 1st November.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. W. B. Boyd, F. R. C. S. (Ir.), I. M. S., appointed Medical Officer to the Kathiawar Political Agency and in charge of the West Hospital, Rajkot; Lieutenant-Colonel M. A. T. Collie, M. B. (Abed), C. M., I. M. S., to be Physician, St. George's Hospital, Bombay; Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Barry, B. A., M. B., I. M. S., to be Presidency Surgeon, Third District, and in medical charge of the Common Prison, House of Correction and Byculla Schools Bombay; and Major B. B. Grayfoot, M. D., I. M. S, to be Presidency Surgeon, Second District, and Marine Surgeon, and Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Colaba.

Lieutenant G. W. C. Lucas, Adjutant, His Excellency the Governor's Body Guard, has been granted privilege leave for 60 days with effect from the 8th January 1906.

Mr. W. H. K. Howard, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, to be Under Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department (Railway), with effect from the 10th November vice Mr. G. E. Lillie transferred to Bhavnagar as Officiating Manager and Engineer-in-Chief, Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar Railway, or until further orders.

THE BENARES EXHIBITION.

The Committee has received the following offers :—One gold medal for the best handloom suitable for the Indian village industry. The points to be considered are (1) cheapness, so that it may not be beyond the means of the village weavers, (2) simplicity, so that it can be easily repaired by the weavers themselves or by village labour and ,3) The quantity and quality of cloth it can produce in a given time in both course and fine counts of thread.

One gold medal for the best handloom suitable for hand-factories managed by small capitalists, the points to be considered being : (1) suitability for Indian labour i.e., it should not be beyond the physical strength of the ordinary weaver (2) simplicity so that broken parts can be replaced easily in the country and (3) the quantity and quality of cloth it can produce in a given time in both fine and course counts of thread.

One gold medal for the best flour made by roller machine.

One silver medal for the best needle work turned out by an Indian lady.

The Committee is also negotiating for a cash prize of Rs. 500 for a handloom to be invented by an Indian which with the aid of one man can produce in twelve working hours 40 yards of cloth with 64 picks in an inch or 60 yards with 44 picks in an inch. Breadth of cloth to be 44 inches.

PARSEE GENERAL HOSPITAL FUND.

The Secretaries to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following contributions towards the abovenamed Fund. To found a Ward in memory of the late Bai Navazbai Dinshawji Petit, widow of the late Mr. Pherozshaw Merwanji Jijibhoy as per details below :—

Bai Hamabai Dinshawji Petit, wife of Mr. Framji Rustomji Cama and her children Mr. Dadabhoy and Bai Hirabai, Rs. 5,000, Bai Hirabai Dinshawji Petit, widow of the late Mr. Jamsetjee Nusserwanji Petit, Rs. 5,000; Bai Manekbai Dinshawji Petit, wife of Mr. Pherozeshaw Bomanji Jijibhoy and her children Messrs. Jijibhoy and Dadabhoy and Bai Dhunbai and Sirinbai, Rs. 5,000; Bai Bachubai Dinshawji Petit, widow of the late Mr. Merwanji Sorabji Jamsetji Rs. 5,000; Bai Bachubai Dadyseth wife of Mr. Jehangirji Jivanji Gazdar, and Messrs Cursetjee and Nusserwanji Dadyseth, children of the late Bai Bhikaijee Dinshawji Petit each Rs. 500 = Rs. 1,500; Bai Bachubai, wife of Mr. Jamsetji Limjibhoy Panday and Bai Cooverbai and Bai Meherbai Framji Dorabji Panday, daughters of the late Bai Futtonbai Dinshawji Petit, Rs. 2,000; Rustomjee Jamsetjee Ghorekhodu, Esq., in memory of his late wife Bai Jerbai, Rs. 10,500; Mr. and Mrs. Bomanji Dinshaw Petit and their children Messrs. Jehangir, Dhunjibhoy and Pherozeshaw and Bai Dinbai and Manekbai to found a "Bed" in memory of the late Bai Navazbai Dinshawji Petit, Rs. 5,000 Total Rs. 39,000, Messrs. Merwanji and Hormusji Muncherji Cama in memory of their late father Mr. Muncherji Framji Cama (sent direct to the Trustees of the Parsee Panchayat) Rs. 5,000, Mr. Ardeshir Sorabji Engineer and Dr. Kaikhushroo Sorabji Engineer in memory of their late father Mr. Sorabji Nowrojee Engineer and their late mother Bai Kharsedbai, Rs. 5,000; Jaibhoy Ardeshir Sett, Esq., Rs. 1,000; Khan Bahadur Burjorjee D. Patel, C.I.E., (Quetta), Rs. 1,000; Jehangir Bomanji Petit Esq., Rs. 1,000; Bai Dhunbaji Muncherji Nowroji Banaji in memory of her late sister Bai Dinbai Jamsetji Rustomji Batlivala, Rs. 500, Messrs. Merwanji and Sons, Rs. 500; Dadabhoy Nowrojee Davar Esq. Rs. 500, Mrs. Bomanji Dinshaw Petit Rs. 500, Mrs. Jehangir Bomanji Petit Rs 500, Messrs Dadabhoy and Co. (London), Rs. 300; Messrs. B. Nazir and Co, Rs. 175, Bomanji Edulji Casinath Esq., Rs. 150, Dorabji Bhikaji Kanga, Esq., (through Mr. J. N. Mody) Rs 150, Dadabhoy Manekji Shroff Esq., Rs. 101, Dhunjishaw Bomanji Khan Esq, (through Mr. J. N. Mody) Rs. 101, "In memory of the late Mr. Sorabji Kaikhushru Paruck on Roj Ava and Maha Khordad Rs. 100, Cursetji Muncherji Banaji Esq. in memory of his late aunt Bai Dinbai Jamsetji Rustomji Batlivala Rs. 10", Rustomji F. Batlivala Esq. in memory of his late sister Bai Dinbai Jamsetji Rustomji Batlivala Rs. 100, "in sacred memory of my dear daughter" Rs. 100, Cowasji Dhunjibhoy Esq. (Bulsar) Rs. 100, Bai Bachubai Sorabji Shapurji Bengali in memory of the late Mr. Sorabji Shapurji Bengali and daughter Goolbai Rs 100, Mrs. Furdoonji Cowasji Petit, Rs 100, Miss Manekbai Bomanji Petit, Rs. 100. Grand total Rs. 76,277.

The Bath for Tender Feet.

Eminent Physicians strongly recommend the addition of a little Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath or Foot Bath. (See Medical Reports in Book on bottle).

Tired, Tender or Aching Feet are instantly relieved and all trace of Odour immediately disappears.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Aston presided at a sitting of the Sessions Court, yesterday. The trial of the following case was resumed before his Lordship and a common jury.

ASSAULT.

Abdoola Daud, a servant in "Baddar Baug" situated in Khetwady, was charged with committing a criminal assault on Fulibai, a woman, who hawked about basketsful of ashes in the streets, on the 2nd October last. Mr. Gulamhusen H. Kheraj, instructed by Mr. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution. By a majority of 7 to 2, the jury at a former trial of the accused returned a verdict of not guilty. His Lordship disagreed with the verdict, and discharging the jury, ordered a retrial of the case before another jury. Further evidence in the case was recorded.

Accused's statement to the Court was that he was a servant in the "Baddar Baug" for three years; was a family man, and bore good character. He was innocent; and had been a victim to his enemies, who had got up this prosecution.

His Lordship directed the jurors not to exercise undue caution in rejecting evidence, which might be good on the main point, without sufficient and proper grounds, as that would be a denial of justice. No motive had been assigned by the accused as to why the complainant should have concocted a story against him, and the "dhobi" boy. More or less, his defence was a denial of the truth of the evidence without his having given on indication as to the particular point or points in which he held it to be wrong or false.

The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the accused was sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment.

CUTTING A WIFE'S NOSE.

Lakhman Parshotam, was tried for inflicting injuries with a razor on the person of his wife, Dahibai, on 9th October, in Sutar Chawl. Mr. Indrajit Kalabhai, Barrister-at-Law, instructed by Mr. E. F. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Mr. F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan, Barrister-at-Law, instructed by Messrs. Tyebji Dayabhoy and Co., solicitors, defended the accused.

Counsel for the Crown opened the case and said that the accused had cut his wife's nose, and inflicted a wound on her ear. There were two sets of witnesses: those who actually witnessed the offence, and those who had seen the injuries.

Dahibai said her husband was a goldsmith, and had a shop which he attended regularly. They lived on good terms since their marriage. She was a good wife to him; he, a good husband to her. They had occasional tiffs. Her husband and his elder brother demanded of her the ornaments, she had on; she took them out, and laid them near the feet of her brother-in-law, who was sitting down on the ground. On the day in question her husband told her, "Come now, the quarrel is made up; cook the food." While she was near the fireplace, doing the cooking, her husband quietly came from behind, and before she knew he was there, assaulted her with the razor on the nose and ear; and placed the razor near her neck, but he was prevented from doing her further injury by the interference of others.

Cross-examined witness said that she had made her complaint to the policeman in the hospital, to which she had been conveyed, because she was threatened by the policeman, she was not in her right senses, and further she was asked to speak out her say quickly.

Panachand Keshonji, goldsmith, who lived in the same chawl, said that when he saw the complainant and her husband quarrelling, he interfered, and putting the accused in a room, chained the door on him. His object was to give the parties time to cool. Accused protested against his being shut up; he said he was not to blame. Later there was a cry of a nose having been cut; witness identified one of the "dhoturs," which was blood-stained, as accused's.

Mr. Talyarkhan: You know the accused Mr. Panachand, for the last fifteen years, you say, is he a man likely to cut his wife's nose?

Witness: He is very docile and meek, not a likely person to cut noses, (Laughter.)

Mr. Indrajit: When did you put the padlock on the chained door?

Witness: When the cry was raised of the nose having been cut.

The Sessions were adjourned till 10-30 a.m., this morning.

THE WEATHER.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 23RD NOVEMBER.

Hissar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Kharif crops commenced arriving in our mark

NOW

IS THE TIME

for overhauling your wardrobe.

You want some new clothes for the cold weather. If you have not already worn the "LALIMLI" pure wool fabrics

NOW

IS THE TIME

for putting our materials to the test.

We do not say they are "equal to the imported fabric." We claim without hesitation that our materials are better. Test them. We guarantee everything we make to be pure, unsophisticated wool. These are some of our lines :—

Flannels, Serges, Tweeds, Homespuns, Worsted Coatings, Broadcloths, Superfine Cloths, Greatcoat Cloths, Servants Clothing, &c. Also Blankets, Rugs, Lohis, (Shawls), Putties, Horse Clothing, Jerseys, Socks, Underwear, &c., &c.

Priced samples sent free of charge on application to

DEPT. "G"

CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS CO., LTD., CAWNPORE.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

S. ROSE & Co. Keep the best selection in India. The largest choice, the lowest prices.

FORT, BOMBAY.

S. ROSE & Co.

MARCKS & Co., Ld., MARCKS & Co., Ld., BOMBAY & POONA.

The Company's Stock is the Finest Manufactured and is obtained direct at absolutely first cost from reliable English Manufacturers.

WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
WATCHES, JEWELLERY,
WATCHES JEWELLERY
WATCHES JEWELLERY,
WATCHES. JEWELLERY,

THE COMPANY'S WATCHES should be inspected before deciding elsewhere.

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

MARCKS & Co., Ld., MARCKS & Co., Ld., BOMBAY & POONA.

ELECTRIC SUPPLY, BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS for ELECTRIC INSTALLATIONS should be directed to OUR FIRM. We have NO dealings through petty Agents or "Consulting Engineers."

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

CONTRACTORS FOR THE ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS IN THE GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH OFFICES AND GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT, BOMBAY.

ADDRESS : 9, MEDOWS STREET.

E. J. LEE'S NEW GARAGE IS NOW OPEN.

REPAIRS to any make of Car effected ; absolutely no charge unless complete satisfaction given.

MOTOR CARS FOR HIRE.

Tyres and accessories of all kinds stocked.

SOLE AGENT FOR PANHARD—LEVASSOR AND CLÉMENT CARS.

E. J. LEE, Rampart Row, Bombay.

PIANOS FOR INDIA.

ALL HIGH GRADE INSTRUMENTS,

CARL RONISCH PIANOS.
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOS.
BECHSTEIN PIANOS.
WINKELMANN PIANOS

and other first class makers.

Pianos made for other countries are not suitable for the Indian Climate, See our list of Instruments made specially for India.

SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY.

SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

HYDROCELE in any form, RUPTURE, HERNIA, ELEPHANTASIS. and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases, are cured thoroughly by vegetable oils and Pills—price Rs. 10 for 20 days' treatment. Bleeding and Blind PILES, FISTULA, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum causing irritation and burning are cured without the least pain—price Rs. 4-8 for Ointment and Pills for 15 days. FATTY or WINDY BODY, the undue increase of belly and abdomen, waist, loin and all the other parts of the body of both male and female causing weakness and depression. Patients do not find rest under such condition and feel miserable. They can, to their surprise, find reduction in their size from 4 to 6 inches after 15 days' application of oil. Price of oil for 15 days, Rs. 4-8. SPERMATORRHŒA, STERILITY, and other obstinate diseases of uterus are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be—price of Pills for 15 days, Rs. 5-8. LEPROSY, Black and White and BLOOD DISORDERS are cured by a well tried and infallible remedy, consisting of pills and ointment, which will give vigour to body and purity to blood, price for 25 days treatment, Rs. 10. DIABETES, and complaints akin thereto, are entirely cured by harmless vegetable pills. Pills for 15 days, Rs 6-8.

BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, heating sensation in the throat and chest, giddiness, vomiting, thirst, blocough are safely relieved and appetite restored, price of pills for 15 days, Rs 4-8. All NASAL COMPLAINTS, Watery blood of pus discharges from the nose, causing obstruction to breathing are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder.

N.B.—The Medicines are free from mercury or any kind of injurious drugs. Upcountry patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and duration of the same for my guidance. Apply to Dr. V. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, Benares, Tardeo Bridge near Tram Terminus, Motiwala's Chawl, Ground Floor, Tardeo, Bombay.

F. & C. OSLER ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS BOMBAY,

AND AT CALCUTTA, LONDON, BIRMINGHAM,

UNDERTAKE ELECTRIC INSTALLATIONS in all parts of India, for Towns, Palaces, Darbar Halls, Temples, Hospitals, Bungalows Complete with the Highest class plant and Materials, under Expert European Engineers.

ESTIMATES FREE.

DUCKETT'S MONUMENTAL WORKS.

EAST STREET, POONA.

A LARGE consignment of SUPERIOR MARBLE now coming in from Carrara, Italy. Over forty men employed. Machinery about to be installed. Memorials quickly erected anywhere and everywhere.

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who have hitherto been SUPPLIED with the BOMBAY GAZETTE" through the Cosmopolitan Library can obtain it by applying to Messrs. VINCENT & CO., 19, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Fort or the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Head Office

COX & CO., BANKERS AND AGENTS, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and addresses registered with London Office free of charge.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured to all parts of the world free of charge of commission.

PASSENGERS met on arrival and

BAGGAGE received for shipment and clearance.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

List of representatives and correspondents and all information in connection with Agency business furnished on application.

HEAD OFFICE : 16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, NOV. 24, 1905.

THE AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

THE outlook in Bombay may be appreciated when it is said that the number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief is increasing week by week and the total now greatly exceeds three thousand. Rain is urgently needed in parts of Kaira, Broach, Surat, the Deccan, the Karnatak and Kathiawar. Standing crops are withering in parts of the Panch Mahals, Surat, Nasik, Poona, Sholapur, Bijapur, Dharwar, Baroda, and Palanpur. Locusts are busily destroying those in parts of Nasik and Satara and the sowing of spring crops is retarded from want of moisture in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Bijapur and Belgaum. Agricultural stock and cattle are in an unsatisfactory condition in three collectorates. The fodder supply is insufficient in parts of ten and the water supply inadequate in parts of other ten ; while prices of foodgrains have risen in eight districts. In Rajputana, the outlook is worse. There are now over thirty-three thousand persons on relief works. Both fodder and food-grains are scarce in places and the emigration of cattle continues. Prices are generally much above the usual rates of this season, especially in four districts where the difference from normal is betweeu ten and twelve seers per rupee. Of the Ajmer-Merwara Agency it is reported that distress is increasing in Ajmer, though it is not so acute as may be expected owing to the fact that many of the agricultural and menial classes have emigrated to Malwa and elsewhere. The classes most affected are agricultural, who, when unable to emigrate, resort fully to relief works. There is, however, said to be no wandering or general appearance of emaciation. The physical condition of persons on relief is generally fair, even good in Merwara. Of these there are over twenty thousand. It is gratifying to know that relief works are adequate ; takavi is being advanced in accordance with rules for deepening wells, the purchase of seeds, and the maintenance of cultivators who have grown spring crops. Furthermore a charitable relief fund has been started and it is probable much suffering will be averted.

In Madras Presidency, all test works have been closed and general prospects are satisfactory, though rain is still wanted in parts. Bengal has little to complain of. Prospects on the whole are good, and only two districts desire rain. In the United Provinces something like five thousand persons are in receipt of relief. Standing crops have suffered from drought in three districts. The condition of agricultural stock is poor in Muttra and Agra, where cattle are suffering from want of fodder. The Punjab reports the condition of the autumn crops to be "average to below average on irrigated and below average to bad on unirrigated lands." The outturn of cotton is generally very poor, while in Lyallpur and Multan, the crop has failed. Cotton, maize and great millet have been damaged by insects ; cotton in Mianwali and sugercane in Lyallpur also being attacked. The condition of cattle is still good except in Shahpur, but fodder is scarce in parts of Amritsar, Shahpur, Mianwali and Delhi, in the last of which districts the canal water supply is reported to be poor. The Frontier Province requires rain urgently for further sowings. Autumn crops are poor on unirrigated land. Eastern Bengal and Assam reports are satisfactory except that insects are causing damage to standing paddy in North Sylhet. The Central Provinces are fairly well off, even locusts having visited one taluka without doing any damage. Hyderabad is not at all to be envied. The situation has in no way improved. Sowings have been suspended owing to want of rain, crops are withering in eleven talukas, in bad condition in three and are being damaged by locusts in six. Fodder scarcity exists in twelve talukas and the want of water is felt in fourteen. Altogther, there is but a sorry outlook before us. Yet we can entertain Royalty and keep up the appearance of being perfectly happy throughout it all.

RAILWAYS IN CHINA. Some interesting facts and theories are the results of a tour, commenced in May and just ended, by M. Comby, an advocate at the Court of Appeal in Paris, and his English wife. M. Comby carried with him such credentials as to ensure every attention and assistance on the part of the Chinese authorities and he is thus able to furnish some reliable information on the progressive tendency that has been manifested in Chinese affair recently. The most interesting part of the matter he has collected relates to railways. The news that the authorities had decided to keep the ownership, the work, money and control in their own hands, was surprising to those who know what "profits" are to be made from farming out such large undertakings. M. Comby traces the reason to the Chinese students who visit Japan. The result of the war has greatly stimulated the existing intercourse between the two nations whose bonds of religious and philosophical sentiment and mode of thought are exceedingly strong. The nearness of the Island Empire and the craving of the Chinese for knowledge which they hope will enable them to follow Japan's example and to regain their place among the Powers, has resulted in an enormous number of students going over to the Universities. Unfortunately only two-thirds of the year usually taken is given to actual study, the remainder being spent in travel and the students return to China with but a smattering of knowledge on the strength of which they are placed in all kinds of high positions. The most curious thing is that they have utterly failed to read the secret of Japan's success. Seeing the efforts that are being made to make the little Empire self-sufficing, they return with anti-foreign tendencies fancying that China has only to dismiss her foreign advisers to succeed in like fashion. This view they forward by the distribution of pamphlets in which it is stated that railway concessions have been used for securing a footing in the country, and have been backed up first by railway guards, than by troops and finally by the annexation of territories. Against this is the very real enthusiasm for railways which has raised four hundred and forty thousand taels in the Szechuan Province in a very short time for the building of a railway to avoid the dangerous Yangtze rapids. Most of the money is being devoted to a school for engineers and by the time they are ready to construct the line the greater part of it will have been spent ; But it is an ill-wind that blows no body any good, and the result may well profit not only the Province by reason of its possession of a good training school, but a very much larger portion of the Empire.

Railway construction in China is by no means an easy task. The unhealthiness of the olimate has not been exaggerated, but this is almost a minor trouble. In the first stages of his journey, from Hanoi to Laokai, M. Comby found the land absolutely unproductive. The rice for the coolies has to be brought from long distances and stored and their ignorance is so great that seeing the stores diminishing they will not believe that supplies will arrive in time and so they desert from fear of famine. The action of the foreigners too, a strange collection of men of every nationality, far away from control, has not been all that it should be especially in their treatment of the coolies and this has proved a potent factor in the official determination to exclude the "foreign devil." Railway enterprise is, however, in a very flourishing condition. Everywhere is enthusiasm for progress, often in excess of the practical means of carrying out the desired plans. But all the educated classes have realised that railways are inevitable and necessary, and work is projected in all directions. There is much to be feared from the system on which these schemes are carried out. The inability of the students who have been to Japan to understand that that country has succeeded, not by reason of a policy of exclusion, but by taking the best from every nation with which it came in contact, appears more than likely to result in improper construction of the railways. There is the fear that the work will be skimped and that, by reason of initial failures, the present laudable tendency to open up the resources of the country will die. The main hope lies in the increasing intercourse with Japan. The natural bonds to which we have referred above render it easier for Japanese engineers to advise as to proper methods and to insist upon them being carried out. There are no doubt clever native engineers in China, but their number is small, especially when compared to the work required of them and of even the cleverest, few are acquainted with the science of modern railway construction. While respect must be given to the desire to keep the plums in the possession of the country, it is impossible not to regret the short-sighted policy of refusing assistance from those best qualified to lift them up to the standard to which they desire to attain. It may be however that the general upheaval and casting of antiquated notions will enable them to appreciate the lessons of initial failures and to reconsider the dictum which promises to retard the advance which must be of inestimable advantage to the whole world.

INDIAN RESERVES IN SOUTH AFRICA. REUTER tells us this morning on the authority of the "Standard" that it is understood the Duke of Connaught, after his tour of inspection in South Africa, will "make a report as to the military possibilities of South Africa, and it is probable that the Army Council and Committee on Imperial Defence will discuss the previous proposition for making South Africa a centre with view to holding troops in readiness for India." The proposition referred to was made in 1903. The Secretary of State had refused to sanction any expenditure on preparations for an army corps to South Africa and it was suddenly discovered that it would be a good plan to hold troops there as a reserve for India. They could be sent out here so much more speedily and more safely in case of emergency than from England. India was to have the privilege of paying for these reserves whether she wanted them or not. The proposal was an ingenuous one, but, needless to say, not only the Indian Government, but the whole of the Press, without exception, objected to pay for garrisoning South Africa. The Indian Government addressed a strong protest to the Secretary of State against the "proposal to charge India with the cost of the increased garrison of South Africa." The proposal was consequently abandoned. We hope the "Standard" is misinformed. If the idea is to renew that proposal, the Secretary of State may be assured India will send even a stronger protest than before, and with more reason ; for if by the new Treaty Japan is to assist us in the defence of India, we have less need of reserves in South Africa than we had two years ago. If we are to pay for those reserves when India demands their services we have no objection. But while they form part of the garrison of South Africa, the South African colonies must provide means for their support.

A BERI-BERI THEORY. AN interesting theory as to the causation of beriberi—that curious disease which is so inexplicably distributed round the world between certain latitudes, and which is a special scourge in Japan, South China, Burma, and the Malay Peninsula—is announced in an issue of the "Times" received by last mail. The author of it is Dr. C. Hose, Divisional Resident in the Reyang District of Sarawak. Briefly, Dr. Hose believes that he has succeeded in isolating mouldy rice, as the only invariably attendant circumstance and, therefore, probably the cause of the disease. Beri-beri, he thinks, is a form of poisoning, poison being in the fungus, which constitutes the mould in the rice. Dr. Hose's theory does not come as a complete surprise. Speculation had more than glanced in the same direction already. Beri-beri is a species of peripheral neuritis, much like that which results from arsenical poisoning. It had already been suggested that it was a diet disease, and a form of chronic poisoning, and arsenical poisoning had even been suspected. Twenty years ago, the disease was eradicated from the Japanese navy, by a change of dietary. It had even been surmised that a fungoid growth affecting the staple foodstuffs of the beri-beri districts might be the source of the poison. Incidentally Dr. Hose's researches may conceivably throw an additional light on the curious outbreak of peripheral neuritis, which occurred among beer-drinkers in London and elsewhere five years ago. That outbreak was, of course, traced to arsenical poisoning, and a great deal of the arsenic responsible for it was duly traced to its source. But it will be remembered that in many cases the amount of arsenic actually assimilated must have been so small that it was necessary to assume a special sensitiveness on the part of the victim, or a special activity in the arsenic when taken in combination with alcohol or some other constituent of beer, to account fully for the symtoms. As we have said, peripheral neuritis and beri-beri, virtually the same thing, and some of the early cases of beer poisoning were actually diagnosed as beri-beri. Dr. Hose has discovered that there is plenty of inferior rice on the English market, and much is used in the brewing of beer.

HIS EXCELLENCY LORD LAMINGTON, with his staff, pays a brief visit to Matheran next Saturday, returning on Monday. His Excellency's staff will stay at the Rugby Hotel.

THE additional members of the Viceroy's Council will assemble in Calcutta before the 15th December.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. Oriental, with the homeward Malls of the 18th instant, arrived at Aden at 11 p. m., on Nov. 23.

HIS HIGHNESS the Maharaja of Benares has given a donation of Rs. 50,000 to the Medical College Memorial Scheme.

THE Tashi Lama, after his arrival in India about the end of the current month, intend to make a tour of the principal Buddhist shrines in this country, which will probably occupy him until Christmas.

THE Government of India have sanctioned the supply of ordinary magnetic compasses, on the scale of four per squadron, to all British and Native cavalry regiments in India for the use of non-commissioned officers and scouts, for reconnaissance work.

THE P. and O. Co. inform us that anyone wishing to view the s. s. Mooltan can only do so by applying at their office for a ticket of admission. A charge of 8 annas each person will be made and the proceeds will be devoted to the funds of the local Seamen's Institute. The days on which the vessel will be on view can be ascertained on application to the P. and O. Office.

THE approximate traffic return of the Barsi Light Railway Company, Limited (21·59 miles open) for the week ending 18th November 1905, were Rs. 2,900 being an increase of Rs. 252 than the corresponding week of last year. The total receipts from 1st January to 11th November 1905, amount to Rs. 1,95,210 being an increase of Rs. 58,787 over the corresponding period of last year.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending 21st Nov. was 567, giving a death-rate of 35·31 per annum per thousand as against 42·55 the corresponding period of last year, and 44·96, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 71 died from fevers ; 8, plague ; 2, measles ; 2, leprosy ; 54, phthisis ; 25, diseases of the nervous system ; 153, affections of the respiratory organs ; 28, diarrhœa ; 8, dysentery ; 40, still-born ; 84 old age and debility ; 12, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 20 ; Brahmin, 25 ; Lingaet, 1 ; Bhattia, 3 ; Hindu of other caste, 249 ; Hindu low caste, 58 ; Musalman, 128 ; Parsee, 15 ; Jew, 2 ; Native Christian, 20 ; Eurasian, 2 ; and European, 4. The total number of births was 379 as against 496, the corresponding period of last year ; and 384 the average over the past five years.

As already briefly reported Mr. J. A. Guider, the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Panch Mahals, met with a nasty accident at Godhra, on the 16th instant, whilst returning from his morning ride. It appears that whilst nearing his bungalow, his horse shied at something near the gate throwing him on one of the gateposts. In falling he fractured two of ribs and sustained other internal injuries which rendered his condition precarious up to a couple of days ago. He is now, however, progressing favourably under the treatment of Dr. Cordiere, the Civil Surgeon and Capt. Macpherson, I.M.S., who was also called in inconsultation. He is not, however, expected to leave his bed for another three weeks. It was meditated removing him to Bombay for treatment, but the Medical Officers deemed the journey too risky.

IT is discouraging to find that in a well-to-do constituency like Hampstead, which has eleven thousand voters on the register, only eight thousand should go to the poll. The other three thousand either have no political opinions at all or are too lazy to take the trouble to record them.

THE Exchange Telegraph Company state that the feeling is rapidly gaining ground in the West Indies that the Government intend to abandon the West Indies to the United States. It is regarded as extremely significant that President Roosevelt should have recently sent a special commissioner to report upon the condition of all the West Indian Colonies.

REMARKABLE precautions, it is stated, are being taken by the dockyard authorities at Portsmouth in order to prevent any details of the construction of the new battleship Dreadnought from leaking out. Police are stationed during the working hours at the approaches to the building slip, and no one who is not in uniform or specially authorised is allowed to linger in the vicinity, whilst strict orders against any one going on board have been issued.

SIR A CONAN DOYLE, writing to the "Times" as "tariff reform candidate for a woollen-manufactory constituency," quotes figures in opposition to Lord Avebury, regarding the British woollen trade. He points out that although the figures for the past five years indicate an increase, there has actually been a considerable fall in our woollen exports since the early seventies. The exports in 1871, were £27,000,000, and in 1872 £32,000,000, against £18,000,000 in 1904.

The beneficent influences which have been at work to make Nigeria a flourishing component of the Empire reveal the secret of Britain's success with her Colonies. Her first step after restoring peace among troubled peoples is to make their interests her own. Neither Germany nor France has yet learned this lesson ; even we ourselves have only learned it within the past half-century, or we had never lost the greatest colony of all—that which is now the United States of America.

BUDDHIST REMAINS.

To quit Ceylon without seeing Anuradhepura would be to leave the kernel after breaking the nut. As the railway takes tourists, and every one else within an easy mile of the sacred Buddhist ruined shrines, no special bundobast is now required to get there. The journey down the ghaut from Newera Eliya can be pleasantly broken at the excellent Peradeniya Rest House, in an ideal situation, exactly opposite the Botanical Gardens, in which spare hours may be spent with profit and pleasure. Then on down the second section of the Ceylon Ghauts, to Polgahawele Junction, when the train to Kantakasurai picks up and drops the tourist at Anoradhepura, some eighty miles from Kandy. This rail journey decreases in interest as it proceeds. Evidences of cultivation or population become fewer and the monotonous jungle extends as far as the eye can reach with absolutely no feature that can interest the traveller, except perhaps the fact that just in the journey and the return one the train went through unceasing swarms of butterflies, white, yellow, brown and blue, until the world seemed alive with them. But they were not evidently Buddhist pilgrims, for they were all resolutely flying in the opposite direction, and as they looked fresh and lively with their velvet wings unworn they could not have been returning from performing fluttering devotions at Anuradhepura. Except that one road is called "The Sacred Road" there is nothing that specially denotes the present piety of the Anuradhepurans at first sight. The village offers the usual motley collection of booths and little shops, human beings and village dogs, goats and cattle. But the innumerable masses of erect stone pillars, which two thousand years ago supported immense halls or monasteries, are at once visible. A short walk through the fields or roads takes the traveller to countless groups of ruins, with which the photographer's accurate art has already made him familiar. The dagobas are marvellous in height and size, but the bases being now mostly covered with brave jungle defy the renovator, work he never so wisely. A marvellous amount of unearthing has been done where halls and temples were buried on the plains ; shafts and capitals by the hundred have been brought to light in the different ruins. But it is immediately apparent that not a hundredth part has yet been touched. The luxuriance of the natural growth of centuries over trophies of the builder's and carver's art that time, the universal enemy, and the destroying hands of different conquerors laid low, cannot be up-rooted and dug out in a few years. To the antiquarian the work must be of absorbing, if despairing, interest, for armies of coolies would be required to accomplish all that has to be done. The similarity in design of the different religious buildings is a striking proof of the unanimity of the architect. In decoration the elephant, naturally perhaps takes first place, then the horse, the bull, the deer, and the cobra with seven heads, all these recur constantly, carved with equal care and identically, wherever met with. The two huge retaining balustrade stones of the steps leading to every hall, refectory, pokuna—bathing place or tank—to every monastery, shrine or dagoba, are of the same design, more or less elaborately carried out. The ornamentation of the capitals of the pillars scarcely varies. The stone figures carved in bas-relief fixed as guardians at the base of each flight of steps are almost always the same. The stone-work is all very fine, and its details are even now clearly visible. The statue of the pious King, who was responsible for initiating the enormous monuments of the ardent love for Buddhism he so rapidly imbibed, and of his most active high priests, are wonderfully well-preserved. They are in stone and the details of sculpture are admirable. Even the sheet in which each figure is enveloped shows that the Buddhist priests of to-day wear it in the very same fashion of 2,300 years ago. Where are the Roman toga and the Greek peplum ? Gone, with the glory of their wearers. The East alone does not change.

A drive of eight miles from Anuradhepura on a road of somewhat recent construction, with a horse that it would be cruel to suppose had not seen better days, brought us to Mihintale, the sacred Dagoba erected on the spot that saw the meeting of Mahinda and the King, whom he converted to Buddhism. A stone staircase of eighteen hundred and forty steps leads up the natural hill to the foot of the Dagoba The ascent is very easy, though by the time, we were on the processional platform we were some thousand feet above the plain. We had only started on the first flight of steps when we were overtaken by some forty earnest pilgrims, male and female, who had come thirty miles to lay flowers on the altars and make their pious rounds of the Dagoba. Each one carried some blossoms, either lotus buds or the ivory white flower of the areca palm, the gardenia, the crimson hibiscus, the pink or white temple flower or others. The pilgrims sped up the steps with the ease and alacrity of the chamois. When we reached the place near the first shrine that bore a considerable resemblance to a Hindu temple, and where the stone is shown that formed the hard bed of the royal founder, the pilgrims all stopped and covered their bright coloured clothes with a white cloth wound round their legs and flung over the left shoulder ; then after offering some flowers at the shrine, proceeded to the platform, immediately at the base of the huge dome of the Dagoba, where the steps ended. They marched round singly in small groups together from left to right, with hands raised and repeating aloud prayers ; when they came to the altars, which were flat stones raised on carved stands, they laid some flowers on each and knelt, with heads bowed to the ground and, rising, proceeded again on their circuit. At the last altar wax tapers were lighted and offered, these were placed lying down in an ordinary semi-circular roof-tile where they all burned merrily together. Then a rough brazier was held by a priest clothed in a saffron-coloured cloth, into which the pilgrims put bits of camphor seeds, resinous gums, of which each one carried a little the contents of the brazier were set alight, a little cocoanut oil was added, two pilgrims in turn holding the bottle as it poured, each thus getting the benefit of the pious offering and economising time. Then again they bowed to the earth placing a towel—modern English ones for the most part—on the ground, on which each devotee knelt and prostrated him or herself praying with considerable fervour. The women seemed more earnest than the men, or at least they observed the etiquette of the prayerful attitude more correctly

We left them all still at their devotions and moved to the edge to get a view of the country. As far as the horizon where a few faint and not remarkable hills were to be described in the distance it was one vast level plain covered with jungle. Other Dagobas rose up to break the monotony of the sea of trees. Here and there, large sheets of water were to be seen, the survivors of the numerous tanks with which the Sinhalese rulers provided for the irrigation of the land, and the bathing needs of their people. These for the most part, when seen near, are covered with the lotus and other aquatic plants and great trees stand on their banks. Connected with the Mihintale Dagoba we were shown the remains of a stone water conduit that did duty in the ancient days, but of which now little remains. Many other interesting items were to be noticed, among them the snake's pool, a long deep hollow cut in the solid rock, over a hundred and thirty feet long, with the image of a five headed cobra cut in the face of the cliff as if rising from the water and guarding the snake's bathing place. Altogether this Mihintale Dagoba is perhaps the most interesting of all the ruins, though its distance from the present village of Anuradhepura may deter people from visiting it. There is a very good rest-house quite near the turn through the jungle that leads to the Dagoba.

(Concluded on page 6.)

THE COLONIAL COMMANDS.

NEW MILITARY PROPOSALS.

SOUTH AFRICA TO HELP INDIA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Nov. 23.

The "Standard" states that the authorities are considering the reorganisation of the commands in the Colonies with a view to co-ordination.

It is understood that the Duke of Connaught on his return from his tour of inspection at the Cape on which he starts on the 23rd December, will make a report as to the military possibilities of South Africa, and it is probable that the Army Council and Committee on Imperial defence will discuss the previous proposition for making South Africa a centre with view to holding troops in readiness for India.

THE LOSS OF THE HILDA.

Two Anglo-Indian Victims.

LONDON, Nov. 22.

Amongst those lost in the wreck of the Hilda were two well-known Anglo-Indians, the widow of General Charles Hutchinson, the mother of Colonel Hutchinson, and her daughter who is the widow of Colonel Gaisford, murdered by a fanatic in India. Another daughter is married to an Indian barrister, Mr. Macpherson, Sir Arthur's brother.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

Much sympathy is felt for Mr. J. M. Macpherson, barrister-at-law, Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department who appears to be the gentleman referred to in Reuter's message, announcing the fatalities from drowning which have just taken place. Mr. Macpherson is now on his way back to India from leave at home. He is due at Bombay in the in-coming mail steamer.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

AGRARIAN RISINGS IN RUSSIA.

A Resistless Torrent.

LONDON, Nov. 22.

The newspapers in the Volga provinces are filled with descriptions of agrarian risings which they describe as a resistless torrent.

The landowners, stewards and police are thrown into improvised prisons. The peasants are traversing the country with red flags pillaging and burning.

THE KING'S HEALTH.

Out Shooting Again.

His Majesty the King participated in Lord Farquhar's shooting party to-day, using a light phaeton from which his Majesty made good practice.

THE PORTE AND THE POWERS.

Proposals Rejected.

The Porte has rejected the proposals of the Powers regarding a financial control over Macedonia.

THE NORWEGIAN FESTIVITIES.

The King's Representative.

Colonel Henry Knollys represents King Edward at the State entry of King Hako into Christiania.

THE QUESTION OF GOVERNMENT RESIGNING.

Strong Hint from the "Times."

LONDON, Nov. 23.

Considerable interest is felt in political circles and a strong hint is given in both the "Times" and the "Daily Telegraph" that Mr. Balfour should, in view of Mr. Chamberlain's attitude, take an early opportunity of resigning, whereupon the Liberals will form a Government and dissolve after a brief sitting of Parliament.

THE SULTAN AND THE POWERS.

A Show of Resistance.

The Sultan has sent Admiral Husni to the Dordanelles. It is stated he bears instructions to the Commander of the Forts in view of the contingency of an international blockade. Instructions have also been sent to the Governors of Mytilene and other Islands.

THE KING OF PORTUGAL IN PARIS.

The King of Portugal has arrived in Paris and was welcomed at the station by President Loubet and his Ministers.

MR. GOKHALE'S MOVEMENTS.

Mr. Gokhale has started for India.

THE ARMY CUP.

RESULT OF THE RACE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 23.

The Army Cup was run off to-day, the following being results :—

William Rufus	1
Cinque Ports	2
Sweet William	3

An objection has been lodged against the winner for crossing.

A FRESH SHOCK OF EARTHQUAKE AT SIMLA.

RECORDS FOR SPECIAL SERVICES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

A somewhat smart earthquake shock took place at four this morning, at Simla, lasting ten or fifteen seconds, awakening sleepers and forcing windows open, but not going any damage.

A further detailed report has been submitted to the Government of India by the Punjab Government on the subject of the Earthquake of last April. It contains names of a number of officials and non-officials singled out for special notice for services rendered.

SIGNALLING BY BLOCK SYSTEM ON RAILWAYS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

A report is published showing that steps are being taken upon the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, the Bombay Baroda Railway, the Burma Railways, the Eastern Bengal State Railway, the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, the Nizam's State Railway, the Madras Railway, the North-Western Railway, the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, the South Indian Railway and the Southern Mahratta Railway to introduce one or other of the various systems of signalling trains with block instruments.

This matter formed the subject of suggestions made last June, to the different Railway Administrations throughout India by the Railway Board which considers some such system necessary in cases where several passengers trains run each way daily.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT AT POONA.

DERAILMENT OF CARRIAGES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 23.

A big derailment took place in the yard of the G. I. P. Railway at Poona yesterday afternoon, which although, unattended by any serious consequences, resulted in considerable delay to the goods traffic. From what can be gathered, a goods train from Lanowli, which arrived between two and three o'clock for some reason or other at present unexplained, collided and ran into a shunting engine and some wagons, which were being shunted in the yard at the time. About seven of the wagons were derailed, some being completely overturned.

The Carriage Examiner's office and the Yard Store room were both damaged and a shed attached was knocked down.

Later on, it appears, another accident occurred, when two engine tenders were derailed at the farthest end of the yard towards Bombay. The work of replacing these on the line was progressing favourably and there was no anticipated delay to the passenger traffic. The derailment of all these vehicles had greatly upset the permanent way, and as evening closed in, large gangs of way men and coolies were hard at work replacing the metal, with screwjacks, lifting the wagons into their places. The place presented a weird aspect with two or three large Wells' flares going, and lights dodging about. Mr. Otto, D. T. Inspector, Mr. H. Sherren, Station Master, Mr. J. Smith, Asst. Station Master and the members of the European Staff on the Station, were all busy directing the operations for clearing the lines.

THE AMIR RETURNS TO KABUL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23,

H. H. the Amir started back for Kabul from Ghazni, on 9th inst.

A CLERK SUES THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

A written statement was filed in the Calcutta High Court, to-day, in the case in which Arthur Evelyn Ross, lately a clerk in the Foreign Office sues the Secretary of State for wrongful dismissal and damages.

SUIT FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

The hearing commenced the High Court here, today, of the case in which Ernest Alfred Rae, sues his wife Mary Rae and another for dissolution of marriage on account of misconduct. The parties were married at Nagpur in 1898, and afterwards lived together in the Central Provinces and in Calcutta.

THEFT OF ARMY STORES AT DUM DUM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

A case is under investigation, in the Cantonment Magistrate's Court, at Dum Dum, in which the Stores Sirdar of the Dum Dum shell and Ammunition Factory, and five Mahomedans of the locality are charged with the theft of a quantity of bullets, cartridges, moulds, and other Government property. The accused were found extracting gunny bags from a pond near the factory containing the stolen articles which were being removed into a ticca gharry apparently for conveyance to Calcutta.

POLO AT LUCKNOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 23.

In the Lucknow Polo Tournament for Narainsingh's Cup in the second round, the Second Bengal Lancers have beaten the Durham Light Infantry by five goals, two subsidiaries to two goals; the Royal Dragoons' "A" team have beaten Captain Guest's combination by seven goals, four subsidiaries to one subsidiary; and the Royal Dragoons' "B" team have beaten Colonel Reid's team by four goals and two subsidiaries to five subsidiaries.

PLAGUE IN INDIA.

NO WINTER EPIDEMICS.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

The returns for the fortnight ending the 18th inst., to-day, published here, show that the plague has not yet begun its usual winter increase. There were in all India only 2,826 deaths in the week ending the 15th, and 2,760 in that ending the 11th, almost exactly half in each case occurring in the Bombay Presidency.

THE ROYAL TOUR.

BANQUET AT THE PALACE.

THE MAHARAJA'S MEMORIAL.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

JAIPUR, Nov. 23.

Their Royal Highnesses, last night, attended a banquet at the Palace. In his speech, (a summary of which we published yesterday morning) proposing the health of the Prince and Princess, the Maharaja said :—

"Nearly thirty years have passed and gone since your Royal father, His Majesty the King-Emperor, then the Prince of Wales, paid a visit to Jaipur. My predecessor, Maharaja Ram Singh, was then Maharaja of Jaipur. Now it is my good fortune to have the distinguished honour of welcoming Your Royal Highnesses to this city, the home of my ancestors, where I trust the strenuous efforts made to render Your Royal Highnesses' stay memorable, will be successful. A most felicitous circumstance in connection with this occasion is the presence of Her Royal Highness, the Princess of Wales, whom we most cordially greet. We meet here not as strangers but as friends, for when I made what to me was that most memorable voyage across the ocean to be present at the Coronation of His Majesty the King-Emperor, I had the pleasure of making your acquaintance and I can assure Your Royal Highness that remembering the kindness and courtesy you showed me on that occasion, when I was far away from my native land, I do most heartily, and with the warmest feelings I am capable of, welcome you here.

"I am sorry to say that owing to the failure of the rains, this year, there is distress in Jaipur so that much to my regret Your Royal Highness' reception has not been on such a scale as I most earnestly desired it should be and such as I deemed worthy of the occasion. However I am confident Your Royal Highness understands the circumstances and believes that my loyalty and ardent devotion to the Throne are not to be measured by my outward display. When His Majesty The King-Emperor was here nearly thirty years ago he laid the foundation stone of what is now the Albert Hall built in memory of that visit. I am extremely desirous that in like manner there should be some permanent memorial of Your Royal Highness' visit on this occasion. In pondering over the matter I came to the conclusion that no more fitting record of Your Royal Highness' visit or one more pleasing to yourself could be made than that I now venture to propose. I doubt not Your Royal Highness is aware that in 1899, a fund named the Indian People's Famine Trust was established. The interest of this fund is available for the relief of those who may be suffering from famine in any part of India. I intend with the gracious permission of Your Royal Highness to add to that fund the sum of three lakhs of rupees and the Maharani in memory of this visit of Her Royal Highness, who is the first Princess of Wales who ever came to India, begs permission to supplement this by giving a sum equal to that which she gave to this fund at the time of the Coronation ceremonies at Delhi. viz., one lakh of rupees. These four lakhs of rupees we intend shall be a memorial of Your Royal Highnesses'' visit to Jaipur.

"I am glad that the arrangements made for the tiger shoot have been successful and that Your Royal Highness has bagged a tiger which will remain a trophy of the event. His Majesty the King when he came to Jaipur killed his first tiger here and I consider it a most happy coincidence that Your Royal Highness has, this day also killed your first tiger since coming to India. I do not wish to detain you longer but may I be allowed, before closing, to wish Your Royal Highness much pleasure and enjoyment on this Indian tour. I am sure your presence amongst us will knit us more closely to the Throne, if that were possible, and I am sure your interest in this important part of the Empire will be greatly enhanced.

"Ladies and gentlemen I invite you to drink the health of my illustrious guests, Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales."

In response His Royal Highness made the following speech :—

"The Princess of Wales and I are sincerely touched by the feeling words in which Your Highness has proposed our healths and we are grateful to you, ladies and gentlemen, for the manner in which you have responded to this toast. Happily we can claim Your Highness as an old friend, for, in all the brilliant company which assembled in London to take part in the Coronation of the King-Emperor, there was no more striking or respected personality than that of the Maharaja of Jaipur. His retinue on that occasion—for His Highness travelled to England with all the circumstance of a Rajput Chief and the observances of a great Hindu—prepared us in some measure for the feudal splendours which we see around us in this exquisite capital. But we had no idea of Jaipur itself, its perfect city and the well-ordered administration of the State. We have most unfortunately arrived in Your Highness' country when your people are threatened with scarcity, but the Chief who with noble munificence founded the Indian People's Famine Fund may well be trusted to see that every measure shall be taken to alleviate the wants of his own subjects.

"And we have listened with feelings of the deepest satisfaction to Your Highness' announcement that you and the Maharani intend to commemorate our visit to Jaipur by respectively presenting three lakhs and one lakh of rupees to the Indian People's Famine Fund. We are greatly touched by this fresh proof of Your Highnesses' generosity and of your sympathy with those in distress. Believe me that no building—indeed no form of memorial of our visit—could be more acceptable to us than this addition to the funds of the great national work of mercy of which you yourself were the founder.

"I was much interested yesterday in seeing the Imperial Service Transport Corps which is maintained by you in so efficient a condition primarily for the defence of India. I rejoice to think that the Corps has been able to win laurels, not only in Military campaigns but also in the strenuous war which His Highness' wages against famine.

"The hospitality of the Rajputs is proverbial and we shall carry away with us the happiest recollections of our stay in Jaipur. And I shall always remember with the greatest pleasure that I shot my first tiger in your forest.

"In conclusion, I wish to convey to Your Highness the message entrusted to me by the King-Emperor who desires me to express his fervent hope that you and your State may, in the future, enjoy all possible blessings and prosperity. I call upon you ladies and gentlemen, to join with us in drinking the health of our friend, the Maharaja of Jaipur and in wishing that he may long be spared to his subjects and to India."

DEPARTURE FOR BIKANIR.

LATER.

The last day of the Royal Visit to Jaipur was given up to excursions and sport. Visits were paid to Amber, the ancient capital of the State by members of the suite in the early morning, while others had excellent sport at pigsticking.

The Princess, during the forenoon, visited the Maharaja's library, the Observatory and other places of interest.

About noon the Prince went by special train to Sanganeer where a tiger had been marked down, but on arrival at the station was informed that the tiger had disappeared in the hills an hour and a half before. The special train immediately returned with the Prince to the Residency. The tiger had visited the hill early in the morning but had probably been alarmed by the gathering of numbers of people in the neighbourhood of the proposed shoot. Their Royal Highnesses left Jaipur for Bikanir this evening, the departure being private.

The Prince of Wales has expressed his willingness to sign the certificates for the recent examinations held in Rangoon in first aid to the injured by the St. John Ambulance Association.

DEPARTURE OF THE RAO OF CUTCH.

His Highness Mahabarao Shri Khan Sawai Bahadur, Rao of Cutch, accompanied by Kumar Madhuba his heir-apparent, Mr. Chunilal Sarabhai, Diwan, Mr. Hirabhai Manibhai, Private Secretary, and attended by a large retinue of followers left Bombay from the Prince's Dock yesterday morning for Cutch by the B. I. S. N. Company's steamship "Kola." The departure was public. A Guard of Honour of the 113th Infantry under command of a native officer was drawn up in front of the docks, A Government deputation consisting of the Hon'ble Sir S. W. Edgerley, Chief Secretary to Government, Mr. Mirza Abas Ali Baig, Oriental Translator to Government, and Captain Grey, Aide-de-Camp to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, waited upon his Highness at his bungalow at Napean Sea Road at 7 a.m., yesterday and drove with his Highness to the docks.

Those present at the Docks to see his Highness off were Messrs. Runchodbhai Oodeyaram, Mansukram Suriaram, Fazulbhai Jumabhai Lalji K. S Ranjitsingji, Kumar of Sails, Colonel Dadhba of Porebunder and several others. On arrival of his Highness at the docks he was garlanded and presented with handsome bouquets.

Colonel Abud, Political Agent Cutch, also left by the same steamer.

A salute of seventeen guns was fired yesterday morning to announce the departure his Highness.

DEPARTURE OF THE PORTUGUESE CRUISER SAN. GABRIEL.

The Portuguese cruiser San. Gabriel, under the Command of Captain J. A. F. Pereira de Mello, sailed yesterday evening, for Mormugoa. The cruiser will return to Bombay in first week of December, so as to go to the Dry Dock for usual repairs on the 8th December.

THE PRINCE OF WALES ISLAM DEBATING SOCIETY.

In commemoration of the visit of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales to Bombay, the Anjuman-i-Himayat-I-Urdu opened a branch association called "The Prince of Wales Islam Debating Society" whose first meeting was held on Sunday last, at 13, Bellasis Road, in the hall of the Anjuman-i-Himayat-I-Urdu, when Mr. Sayed Ebrahim presided. Amongst those present were; Messrs Mohuiddin Khan Azad, A. K. Mashur, M. Y. Nazim, Sayed Abdullah Jafferi, D U. Ghogary, U. M. Makhmur, Abdul Ghani, Ishak Hajee Yoonus, Balu Mia Kur, A. M. Khatib, etc., etc. In opening the proceedings Mr. A. M. hatib, the Secretary of the Anjuman-i-Himayat-I-Urdu, said that during the period of a number of years the Mussalman youths had not such a society as would give them an opportunity of expressing their ideas on matters beneficial to their fellow men, and of learning the art of public speaking gradually by attending such societies. This long-felt want has been now supplied by Mahomedan youths and it is hoped that our young fellow men would reap its benefit. Our present day experience has shown us the necessity of such associations, for, amongst us there are a few who can fluently speak on a public platform. The establishment of this society will fill up the gap, and produce Mahomedan speakers, when it shall get help from those more advanced than us. To be an orator or a public speaker is not an easy task, but it can be very easily achieved by joining and delivering lectures in such societies as the one now established. He further stated that as all feel the necessity of such a body he should intimate them its aims and objects which are to afford its members, an opportunity of improving and increasing their knowledge and extending their information on literary and general subjects, and also of teaching the art of public speaking, and the discussion shall be on subjects of general interest to Mahomedan youths exclusive of religious and political matters. Then Mr. Mohuiddin Khan Azad said that he was very glad to see some of his Mahomedan brethren feel the want of an English Debating Society, which he long ago intended to supply. He congratulated the audience on their having such a society whose members might one day be great men. But it rested with them all that they should exert themselves to crown their efforts with success in order that this society might win the hearts of others to it.

LORD MINTO AND THE TROOPS.

The following appreciatory message has been received by Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Hunter from the Military Secretary to the new Viceroy :—

"I am directed by the Viceroy to convey his thanks and appreciation for the smartness with which the troops have turned out during his visit to Bombay and would be very glad if you could convey his appreciation to all ranks." His Excellency at the Victoria Terminus on Monday, specially charged the Lieutenant-General Commanding with the responsibility of conveying to all Officers and men, British and Indian, his marked sense of appreciation of the fine appearance of the troops in Garrison, and for the creditable turn-out from Bivouacs, of horses, guns and equipment.

The "GENTLEWOMAN" has brought out a special Indian number dedicated to the "Gentle-women of India." A paper on "How to See India," illustrated, is written to assist tourists who swarm here year after year, and especially this season. The route of the Prince and Princess of Wales is followed, and pictures given bearing more or less on the itinerary. "Indian Experiences and Anecdotes" the fruit of an Anglo-Indian prize competition amusingly fill some columns, and the paper will be continued in the next number. There are photographs of Prince and Princess of Wales and of their children and of many of the suite who accompanied the Prince and Princess to India. An old Anglo-Indian begins a series of sketches giving the principal phases of Anglo-Indian Social Life beginning with a "Hot Weather Gymkhana." Miss Mabel Hawtrey writes on the "Education of Anglo-Indian children in England." W. Keith Hatch, F. R. C. S., (late I. M. S.,) has an enlightening paper on "The Management of Children in India." An interesting page is devoted to portraits of British children in India, and the photographs of the ladies most prominent in Anglo-Indian society are scattered through the paper. There are many more Indian articles and pictures besides the usual amount of cosmopolitan news from everywhere. Altogether this special Indian number makes a serious bid for popularity and wide circulation. The Christmas Number of the same paper is out betimes and is full of stories, pictures and good things

IN the lively book just published by Sir Isaac Pitman and Sons, "Mrs. Brookfield and Her Circle," a record of a clever clique of literati, in a letter from Mr. Brookfield to his wife occurs this story :—"The new Bishop of New Zealand, in a farewell and pathetic interview with his mother after his appointment, was thus addressed by her in such sequence as sobs and tears would permit. 'I suppose they will eat you, my dear—I try to think otherwise, but I suppose they will. Well?—We must leave it in the hands of Providence. But if they do, mind, my dear, and disagree with them.'"

THE "RENOWN" ORCHESTRA.

CONCERT AT THE TOWN HALL.

As an aftermath of the festivities for the Royal Visit, Bombay last night had a treat which is rare, a performance by a first class English Orchestra. Under the baton of Mr. Stretton, the Musical Director of the Royal Naval College of Music the Prince of Wales's band played a programme such as to remind one of London and the Queen's Hall. It was only to be expected that the players, specially chosen to while away hours for Their Royal Highnesses, would be of a high standard, but few seemed prepared for the excellence of the band as a whole and of the individual players. Three items especially were enough to make the programme interesting, the overture "William Tell", the delightful "Casse Noisette" suite and a selection from "Tannhauser." Opening with one of Sousa's spirited marches, "The Diplomat" the orchestra rapidly warmed to its work and rendered the intricate passages of the Overture in fine style gaining so much applause that "Sing me to sleep" had to be given in which it was clearly proved that the orchestra is better instrumentally than vocally. Miss Sherin Dady has a pretty and well trained voice of which she made such good use in "Sing sweet bird" that she was recalled and sang "Annie Laurie." Then came the most delightful item of the whole evening the "Casse Noisette" suite. If in one or two passages the orchestra proved a little too strong yet it would need to be a very carping critic who did not thoroughly enjoy the playing of Tschaikowsky's most dainty composition. Equally well performed was the selection from Tannhauser bringing in the bombastic prelude to Act II, Elizabeth's greeting and the enchanting Venusberg Music. Few orchestras but have this in their repertoire and few play it with more skill and taste than that of the "Renown." Mrs. F. H. Knight utilised her contralto well in "Godards" "Angels Guard Thee" and Mr. P. Grosso's violin solo Dancla's "Romance and Bolero" was undoubtedly one of the musical treats of the evening. Other items were "Echo des Bastions", Weber's "Invitation a la Valse" and "The bells of Shandon," the first named introducing a pretty effect with a Glockenspiel solo and the last tubular bells.

It will be long before Bombay has an opportunity of again hearing such an excellent concert and certainly every one's thanks are due to Mr. Dove by whom the arrangements were made. It would have been better, had the concert commenced punctually, and though all were well merited, the encores might have been more judiciously awarded, for it was only the fact that the music was so good that prevented one from noticing how hot the room really was.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

A meeting of the members of the Bombay Natural History Society took place at the Society's rooms yesterday, H. E. Lord Lamington presiding. His Excellency was accompanied by H. H. the Maharaja of Kashmir. A large number of members were present.

NEW MEMBERS.

The election of the following 14 new members since the last meeting, was duly announced :—Mr. J. B. Leslie Rogers (Bombay); Mr D. Marshall (Pamaru, Nellore District); Mr. E. B. Cooke (Manmad); Lieut. L. G. Baker (Sabathu); Lieut. Rupert Simson (Umballa); Mr. H. F. Busch (Bombay), Mr. A. D. McDonough, (Murree); Lieut. R. C. Burke (Sangli, S.M.C.); The Mess President, 44th Merwara Infantry (Ajmere); Mr. H. Gronvold (London, S.W.); Lieut. R. D. MacGeorge, I.M.S. (Bellary); Capt. W. R. J. Scroggie, I.M.S. (Fort Lockhart, Samana, N.W. F.P.); Lieut. D. Steel, I.M.S. (Manipur Assam). Mr. S. S. Story (Bombay); and Mr R. H. Burnett (Sholapur).

The Honorary Secretary, Mr. W. S. Millard, said it was to be regretted that there were not more new members joining the Society at the present time, but this was probably due to its being so close to the end of the year. He hoped, however, that the appeal in the new Journal which was just being issued would bring in a large number of recruits and the Journal itself—which has 20 illustrations and has cost some Rs. 3,500 to produce—would surely convince members—if such was necessary—that they were obtaining the value of the small subscription in that alone.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MUSEUM.

The Honorary Secretary, acknowledged receipt of the following contributions since the last meeting:—One Snake juv. (Zamenis fasciolatus) Col. F. J. Jencken, R. A.M.C.; one Lizard, alive juv. (Eublepharis hardwickii), Lieut. R Rutherford, R.A.M.C.; one Lizard (Hemidactylus triedrus), Mr. W. S. Millard; five Palm Squirrels (Sciurus palmarum), Capt W. B. Walker, R. A.; a collection of months from Darjeeling, St. Joseph's College; one Krait from Jessulmir (Bungarus sindanus) Col. D. H. Mullen, I.M.S., one Bean Goose (Anser sp.) Lieut. T. G. Shepperd, R.G. ; one skin of a Python from Umlpur (Python molurus), Major Goodenough; one Ant-Eater or Indian Pangolin alive (Manis pentadactyla), Mr W. F. Jardine; one Snake alive (Typhlops acutus), Mr. F. C. Annesley; two Green Tree Snakes alive (Dryophis mycterizans); Revd. F. Dreckmann, S. J., one Snake from Matheran (Lycodon travancoricus), Mr. A. J. Broad; two Hoary-bellied Himalayan Squirrels (Sciurus locroides), Major J. Manners Smith; one Snake from Matheran (Lycodon travancoricus), Major L. Childe, I.M.S.; one Rhaman (Zamenis mucosus), Major F. Lee; one Palm Civet, juv. alive (Paradoxurus niger), Mr. D.J. de Souza; two Snakes (Dipsina ornata and Platurus laticaudatus) Capt. F Wall, I.M.S., C.M.Z.S., a number of interesting Butterflies from Assam, Mrs Jackson; one Great crested Grebe (Podiceps cristatus) Hon'ble A. E. Hill-Trevor; some marine shells from Zanzibar, (Lieutenant-Colonel C. T. Peters, I.M.S.; one Gadwall juv. (Chaulelasmus streperus) and one Great Indian Bustard (Eupodotis edwardsi), Major H. H. the Maharaja of Bikanir; some specimens of clays from the Mysore laterite, Mr. L. C. M. Young; one field rat from Nepal (Mus sp.), Major J. Manners Smith; one Black-capped Kingfisher (Halcyon pileata), Mr. W. F. Jardine.

Minor contributions from Mr J. W. Hawes, Colonel W. B. Ferris, Captain L. T. H. Hutchinson, I.M.S., and Mr. F. G. Hutchinson.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIBRARY.

Spolia Zeylanica, Vol. III, Part X., presented by the Colombo Museum.

Journal and Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, Vol, I, Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, 1905, in exchange.

The Indian Forester, for August, September and October.

Annual Report of the Smithsonian Institution, 1903, in exchange.

Bulletin de la Societe Royale de Botanique de a Bruxelles, 1904-05.

Bulletin le la Societe Royale de Botanique, de Belgique, 1904-5.

Annals of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Calcutta, Vol. X, Part II.

PAPERS READ

The following papers were read :—Pearls in the Thana Creek, by E. L. Saie, I. C. S. Note on two black leopards in the Kolhapur collection, by Lt.-Col W. B. Ferris, with photographs. Report on the destruction of rats in Rangoon during August, 1905 by H Tilly.

Mr. Comber, in reading this paper, said that it contained some valuable information on that unknown subject the breeding time of rats a most important matter in these days when rats were supposed to be one of the principal mediums in carrying plague. It was hoped that the Bombay efforts at the Parel Laboratory in the same direction would also contribute some information on this subject.

Captain G. Lamb, I. M. S., read a paper on "Snake venoms and their antidotes, an account of recent research," and in the course of his remarks demonstrated with live specimens the methods of extracting the venom from the cobra and the Daboia and of working with it. He pointed out the differences which have been shown to exist between the poisons of the different species and gave a short account of the recent researches which have been made as regards the physiological actions of the different poisons.—

He also mentioned that various sera have now been prepared for some of the poisons, amongst these the cobra and Russsell's viper or dabia in India. He emphasised the specificity of these sera and pointed out how these observations affect the serum treatment of snake-bite.

His Excellency the Governor proposed a vote of thanks to Captain Lamb and the other authors of the papers and congratulated the Society on its prosperity. The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to H. E. Lord Lamington for presiding.

* Forwarded to the Victoria Gardens.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

Royal Soldiers Daughters' Homes.

AMERICAN WOMEN'S TRIUMPH.

FURS AGAIN IN FASHION.

LONDON Nov 3.

Like so many institutions of the kind the Royal Soldiers' Daughters Home, at Hampstead is in need of money. It ought to have no difficulty in getting it. It has now been in existence for fifty years, and it has been found necessary considerably to increase the present accommodation for the children, the number being about 200. A most urgent appeal is now made for the sum of £5,000 in aid of the funds for building the new infirmary, the foundation stone of which was laid on July 7 last by H. R. H. the Princess Louise Duchess of Argyll, and which is to be named after her; and also for the purpose of making very greatly needed increase to the present dormitory accommodation. The Royal Home maintains, educates for domestic service, and clothes 200 children, the daughters of non-commissioned officers and men, who are left total orphans, fatherless or motherless, by reason of war, or by the decease of either parent where these are left in poor circumstances. The institution is entirely dependent upon the support of the Army generally and of those connected with it, and of many of the general public who take a lively interest in the children of those who fight our battles for us all over the world. Donations will be gratefully received by the Hon. Treasurer, Fred Cox, Esq., 16 and 17, Charing Cross S. W., or the secretary, Colonel E. L. F. Jeanings, M. V. O., 5, Robert-street, Adelphi, W. C. Bankers, Messrs. Cox and Co., 16 and 17, Charing Cross, S. W.

Women's power in the United States is growing by leaps and bounds. In some of the States women have votes just like men and are appointed to important public offices. But it is by no means so generally known that at the headquarters of the American Government in Washington there are very highly-paid ladies who are a standing contradiction of the old gibe that women can never keep a secret. At any rate, the services of these women are so highly appreciated that it is unlikely their male brethren will ever oust them from these highly-paid offices. To us a youthful and pretty woman diplomat recognised as such by the Government is unthinkable. Yet such a person is Miss Margaret Hanna, who is Permanent Assistant to the Permanent Under-Secretary of State. This latter official carries on all the delicate negotiations between the United States and foreign powers, and so conducts an immense correspondence. All this most secret and sacred correspondence is under the charge of Miss Hanna, who is so well versed in Uncle Sam's relations with the outside world that she could undoubtedly act as Permanent Under-Secretary of State herself if the occasion arose. A still more remarkable position is that held by Miss Clara Graecen, legal adviser to the Treasury Department. Here again we find a young blonde, not yet twenty-five, who a few years ago came to Washington as an ordinary typewriter in the Comptroller's office. At that time her work was taking down dictation relating to legal "opinions" about claims against the Treasury. Miss Graecen gradually developed a taste for law, so that on one occasion the Comptroller asked her to prepare an "opinion" of her own on a minor case.

Thereafter the clever, and ambitious girl studied law with feverish energy at a night school in the diplomatic capital, and so brilliant were her talents that when the position of Law Clerk to the Treasury fell vacant she applied for and got it, even against a number of capable male lawyers. You might think that these American blue-stockings were frumpish and dowdy in appearance. Vastly otherwise would be your opinion in the presence of Miss Estelle Reel, superintendent of all the Indian schools throughout America. Miss Reel is a strikingly handsome woman of distinguished mien and not much over thirty. Her headquarters are at the Indian Bureau in Washington, but for the most part she spends her time in travelling throughout the States inspecting educational methods adopted in day and boarding schools, kindergartens, and other institutions kept up by the Federal Government for the little aborigines. In her own department Miss Reel's power is absolute, and her pay is six hundred a year besides her travelling expenses. Thousands of women are employed in the Treasury department, for it is found they are quicker and more accurate than men in counting money. Nor must one omit to say they are found far more honest. Out from among the ruck of these women stands Mrs. Wilda Leonard, probably the fastest "teller" of money alive, as well as the most astonishingly accurate. Mrs. Leonard is besides a wondrous expert in detecting counterfeit notes. One must bear in mind that practically the whole currency of America, except small change, is paper money. On one occasion Mrs. Leonard rejected as spurious a note which the Bureau of Engraving declared perfectly good. And yet this bureau contains great experts of its own, and makes all the paper money for the American Government.

Anglo-Indians who at sometime or another way have been impressed with the service in a Mahommedan mosque may be interested to know that in Liverpool there is a colony of Mahommedans, many of whom are Liverpudlians born and died. The mosque at Liverpool is the place of worship for a comparatively large resident membership, as well for the thousands of Mahomedans—merchants sailors, travellers—who pass through the port in a constantly flowing stream of brown humanity. It is unromantically situated, and is not imposing. It has no grand dome, no graceful minarets. It is a converted mansion, and has a poor law establishment as a near neighbour. So it is that the cry of the muezzin, calling the faithful to prayers, echoes in and around a commonplace street, heard by the unbelievers of West Derby-road, Liverpool. Yet not only those. Within the mosque is gathering a small assembly of Mahommedans, a few of them in Oriental garb and all shoeless. Muslims, when they enter the mosque, take off their boots and leave on their head-covering. In a room set apart for the purpose they wash their hands and feet, and then they make their way to the place of prayers, a thickly carpeted hall having little decoration beyond texts from the Koran inscribed in Arabic, but having its bare outlines softened in the dim religious light. Here the believers make their devotions, seating themselves tailor-fashion on the floor behind the Sheik and facing the east. Now they lie prostrate, their faces to the floor anon they stand, stretching out their hands in supplication. Silent they are first, but just now the Sheik murmurs Allah, Allah, Mahomet, and the chant is taken up in low tones, which gradually swell until all is fervid excitement. Again, the Sheik reads from the Koran. His Muslim brethren sit silent and reverent. Later, when the service is nearing its close, they place their hands on their laps as they wait for the divine blessing.

Even we English people, were we to look on these ceremonies, might feel some of the influence of the mysterious East. The Sheik, in turban and flowing white robes, perhaps with his many Oriental orders flashing on his breast; the congregation, now thrilling with strange emotion and again stolid with all that constitutes Eastern impassivity; the half-light, the mystic inscriptions—these things take the beholder in imagination away from the prosaic world without the walls of the mosque, and he sees the blue sky, the white domes, and the stretching sands of warmer climes. Yet all the time electric cars go clanging past the doors, and all around are the conditions which go to make up the things of ordinary English life. The Sheik is an Englishman Abdullah Quilliam, Sheik-ul-Islam of the British Isles. He is a widely-known Liverpool solicitor, and has been associated with the mosque since it was established in 1887, being a convert through study and conviction after a voyage round

ago to Morocco. His journeys to the East have been numerous, and he is frequently sent for by the Sultan of Turkey to undertake special missions or for the purposes of consultation. The Muslim Institute at Liverpool altogether comprises rooms for members, schoolrooms, a small museum, library and reading-room, and small lecture hall, which is used mainly for club meetings etc. There is also a large lecture hall, for prayers Teki. It seats some 220 people. The Medina Home, not far away, has about a score of children who are being brought up as Mussalmans. The whole institution has 200 members resident in Liverpool, but during the course of a year the mosque is visited for prayers by thousands of Muslim sailors and other travellers who come to the great seaport.

If these lines should meet the eye of a white cat with a few black spots on its neck and curls on its stomach, it will probably hear of something to its advantage by communicating with Mrs. Sarah Ann Brown, of Mellick's-place, Bermondsey, says a London contemporary. Mrs. Brown's bereavement is at present not only a source of grief to herself, but the cause of some inconvenience to her neighbours and a serious addition to the responsibilities of the Tower Bridge magistrate. It led to her issuing a summons against Mrs. Harriet Jones under the impression that the latter's "Whitey" was in reality her own long-lost "Dick." "Whitey" came to court, and having got out of his bag, that the proverb might be fulfilled, allowed both ladies to "call" him with a serene indifference to the merits of nomenclature. His only anxiety seemed to be for concealment beneath the solicitors' table with a view to evading any judgment of a Solomonesque order. He was restored to Mrs. Jones upon the discovery that he was unspotted.

This is just one of those happy periods in Fashion's history when one can rejoice over the newest modes with a clear conscience and without any mental reservations. The general contour at the moment is distinctly a graceful one, and in spite of a slight tendency towards unseemly size in the matter of sleeves, there is none of those inartistic exaggerations in the way of pouffed fronts or gigantic cuffs which more than once of late years have caused the judicious to grieve. The new materials drape delightfully and the autumn colourings are really beautiful, so what more can the heart of woman desire? In the matter of walking gowns for early winter a sweet reasonableness of design is specially noteworthy. The neat trimness of outline, as approved by Dame Fashion at the moment, makes a direct appeal to common sense, while the way in which the newest coats are moulded to the waist shows to great advantage the best point of a good figure. Waists will be worn, once more—not necessarily wasp-waists, of course, nor those which are painfully reminiscent of an hour-glass, but still something which is far more graceful and satisfying to the eye than the vague outlines which have concealed so much bad dressmaking during the last few years. Some of the smartest of the new walking-gowns are made in fine suede cloth, with very long coats, fitting closely to the figure and leaving visible round the hem only a few inches of the skirt. Some of these long coats have strapped seams, but others, again, are perfectly plain, except perhaps, for a collar and cuffs and a very long narrow vest of velvet. In the Empire coats, which are also being made to wear with certain of the short walking skirts, the waist again suffers a temporary eclipse. Board Russian silk braid is the favourite trimming at the moment for winter walking-gowns of the simpler kind, dyed to match exactly the shade of the cloth or tweed with which it will be seen. Tartan fabrics which are fast assuming the importance of hardy annuals, are with us once again and are enjoying their usual temporary vogue. They require such skilful manipulation, however, that it is doubtful whether they will survive the early winter season.

In spite of the fact that furs are much more expensive this year than they were last, and that there seems every prospect that their prices will go up during the next few months by leaps and bounds, Fashion has set the seal of her approval upon fur garments of every sort and kind, so that it is already a foregone conclusion that the coming winter will be most emphatically a season of furs. If one were asked to mention the favourite fur of the moment it would be almost impossible to give a definite reply to the question, since so many widely different furs seem likely to enjoy a considerable vogue. For the making of the three-quarter—length coats in a close-fitting shape both broad-tail and black Persian lamb will be largely used, as well as sealskin, sometimes left severely alone, with only their own charm of texture and colouring to recommend them, and sometimes arranged with large roll collars and gauntlet cuffs of sable or chinchilla. Some of these Persian lamb coats, too, are very effectively trimmed with wide black silk Russian braid and appliqué designs of velvet in some bright colour, such as emerald green or a vivid tone of purple. Sable easily holds its own as king among the more costly furs, the dark Russian skins being more in favour than any other kind. They are being made into handsome capes lined with ivory satin, and flounced inside with real lace, so that they are equally suitable as carriage wraps both for day and evening wear. Sable coats, too, of various lengths, are to be seen, including these jaunty little sacs which hang loosely away from the waist, and are finished with large wing sleeves frilled with cream lace. Chinchilla coats, capes, and pelerine stoles with big grey muffs to match are also very much in request, while the demand for white fox and for ermine shows no sign of abating.

HIGH COURT.—November 24.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE CHANDAVARKAR.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

223-05—Dikshit D and S—Lalji Kanji vs Haridas Gokuldas and others—M B Chothia—Part heard.

404-04—M B Chothia Laxmidas Gordhundas and others vs The Administrator General of Bombay and others—Dikshit D and S—Part heard.

223-05—Mulla and M—Bustomji Ardeser Cooper vs Morarji Mohanji Sorabji and J.

755-04—Sorabji and J—Morarji Mohunji vs Messrs Kapadia Brothers—Mulla and M.

855-05—Baghavaya and B—Mahadeo Sakharam Shinte vs. Mahalibai widow—Chitnis and M

Short Causes.

E F Nicholson for Government—In the matter of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 and cause in the matter of the Government Rustomji Byramji Jijibhoy and Sorabji Cawasji Sedla—Craigie Land O

For further directions and costs on Commissioner's report.

842-03—Mathuradas J and M—Joolabji Soondarji vs Dayaram Harjiwan and others—Bhaishunker K and G

For hearing exceptions to the special on Commissioner's special Report.

372-02—Edgelow G and W—Mahomed Ebrahim bin Goolam Hosein Hajiadry and others vs Haji Mahomed Ebrahim bin Haji Ahandin Jitaker and others—Crawford B and Co—Mulji and D and Captain and V.

46-01—Mathavji and K—Luxman alias Lalloo Ramparsad and another vs Devsey Dowjee and others Ardeser H D and Co

636-05—Matubhoy J and M—Partapchand Gulabchhand vs Pal Samrath widow Mulji and D—For postponment.

432-04—Jehangir and S Ashidbai widow vs Abdulla Haji Mahomed and others Thakurdas and Co and Captain and V

355-05—Matubhoy J and M—Dayji Hirji vs Ruttonbai widow—Captain and V

275-878-05—Tyabji D and P—HurgawandasHathidas vs Bapoo Bhawoo and others—Chitnis and M

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice HATCHELOR.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

426-04—Payne and Co—Khatizabai widow vs Gomer Abdul Latiff Abbas and vs—Kanga and P and Captain and V

447-03—M Vakil—Aldool Rehiman bin Essa vs Puthy—Tyabji D and S

44-05—Maganlal J and G Bachubai vs Mancekbai widow and another Mansukhlal J and H

1-05—Jehangir and S—Madhavjee Dayal and another vs Motimavhoo widow and another—Crawford B and Co and Thackersey and Co.

345-05—Maganlal J and G—Vullee Mahomed Poor Mahomed vs C A Ellis—In person.

290-05—Mansukhlal J and H—Khimjee Purshotum and others vs Vithaldas Ramdas and others—M B Chothia.

576-04—Little and Co Runchordas Vithaldas and another vs Kessersal widow and others—Thakurdas and Co

308-05—Edgelow G and W—Haji Saboo Siddik vs Rabiabai widow and others—Thakurdas and Co—and Captain and V

425-04—Captain and V—Sorabai widow vs Rabiabai widow and others—Thakurdas and Co

249-02—Pestonji R and K—Ebaji Qomersey and others vs Wulji Mathuradas and others—Tyabji D and Co

553-04—Captain and V—Thacker Vasanji Hirji vs Thacker Damodhar Madhavji and others—Payne and Co

729-03—Maganlal J and G—Rambhai Bhikaji vs Balwantrao Rapu Sakharam and others—Ardeser H D and Co

7-349-05—Mulla and —Haji Noor Mahomed Cassun vs Nowroji Nusservanji and others—M J and G

484-05—J and P Dastur—Phillips Co Limited vs D W Holden and others—Mirza and Co

710-02—Bicknell M and R—Bhimraj Lachminarayan and another vs Rat nji Sorabji Nusservanji Talati and another Edgelow G and M.

29-04—Wadia A and Co Percy Ferdinand Fisher vs Meghji Valabhdas and another Kanga and P.

328-05—Payne and Co—Haji Jan Mahomed Haji Cosman Chatani vs Hormusji Manekji Mody.

BUDDHIST REMAINS.

(Concluded from page 4.)

So much of the ancient glory of Anaradhepura that has been revealed by the industry of Government and by the pious exertions of the faithful themselves is overlaid with the tawdry and tinsel ornamentation in which the modern worshipper loves to express his devotion that it saddens the mind of the visitor, who expects to see the Buddhist ideal of worship and contemplation embodied in purer form and on the nobler lines exemplified in the great monuments of two thousand years ago. But the present-day Ceylon Buddhist has imbibed the traditions of Hinduism to a great extent, and the Hindu pantheon evidently has a share in his religious feeling. It is difficult to distinguish much of the worship that goes on at the shrines from the ordinary Hindu formulas. Anaradhepura when in its glory, is said to have contained two million inhabitants, and from its extent it seems very probable that it accommodated at least that number. Now it consists of a small village of 2,000 people mostly Buddhist priests and Singhalese elephant hunters. Their method of catching elephants is curious. First, a hundred rupees has to be paid to Government for a license the construction of a Khedda or of pitfalls is forbidden, so the hunters go to the jungles until they come upon a herd, and pursue them sometimes for weeks together, until the young ones tire and lag behind. Then is the time to come near and swing a rope round the young elephant's legs. To the rope is attached an iron hook that secures and anchors him to a tree as he runs. The hunters then stampede the herd by means of lighted torches, to prevent the elders from returning to the help of the young one, whose struggles to be free only fasten him all the stronger. He is left anchored to the tree for three days without food, and when starvation has made him submissive a tame elephant is brought to teach him how to comport himself in captivity, and his education has begun. The natives believe there is some witchcraft in the whole proceeding, but it is simple enough. The elephant hunters sell this young one at a profit to men who speculate and keep him through his childhood. If the young elephant caught is a male and turns out to be a tusker—which is rare in Ceylon—they make a lot of money, but if it be a female, there is not much luck as the price of such is small. The wild elephants keep mostly to the jungles, but if driven wild by flies they come forth into the open, and breaking a branch of a tree, fan themselves frantically to get rid of their numerous tormentors. We saw three young elephants who were in status pupillari.

The wild jungle men called Vedas, and formerly Yakkas, live in the distant woods far from the not too madding crowd of these parts. They depend for food on what they can catch or trap in the forest, they do not attempt to cultivate crops of any kind. When they kill deer or such other game as comes their way, they preserve it in a singular fashion and use it in common. They hollow out the trunks of trees, fill the hollow with wild honey, and lay the carcase of the animal in it. Here it soaks and is cured in a simple and inexpensive way. The tribe indent on this store according as necessity urges, and in the order in which the meat was laid in the honey. Sometimes curious visitors go with guides to interview and observe these strange people, and take them presents of cloth and rice. The rice they accept with glee, but the cloth they tear into small pieces representing the limited amount of clothing they deem necessary in their wild fastnesses, the rest they throw away as an encumbrance. How many Vedas there still are in Ceylon jungles it would be difficult to say. Those now living are the descendants of the Yakkas, whom the royal builders of Anaradhepura pressed into their service to erect their grand city and its Dagobas. Anaradhepura is well worth a visit, both on account of the antiquity and beauty of its architectural Buddhist remains, and for an appreciation of the religious fervour that still animates the living followers of the Buddha. They come so simply, clad in fresh clean cloths, at the full moon time, their hands filled with the freshest and most fragrant blossoms they can find, to offer at the shrines. If Buddhism does little else, it fosters a love of flowers and a most industrious cultivation of them.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

Messrs. Dinanath and Chattan Lal, qualified students of the Rurki College, are appointed Assistant Engineers in the Provincial Service of the United Provinces and Messrs. Natha Singh and A. K. Cargill, in the Provincial Service of the Punjab.

Mr. H A Molloy, Executive Engineer, Punjab, has been permitted to retire from the service from the 4th proximo. The services of Mr. C. J. Smith, Assistant Engineer, Madras, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department for employment in the Bundi State.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

Major J. Murray, 23rd Cavalry is appointed Commandant of that Regiment, vice Lieutenant-Colonel Baker retired.

Major Cole, 26th Cavalry is appointed officiating 2nd-in-Command of that Regiment.

Lieutenant Boyce, 48th Pioneers, has been selected for appointment to the Supply and Transport Corps and posted to the Western Command.

Lieutenant H. Bennett of the Essex Regiment, is posted to the Eastern Command for appointment to the Indian Army.

The services of Major Hughes, 43rd Erinpura Regiment, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Finance Department for employment in the Assay Department.

Lieutenant Freemantle, 20th Infantry, is transferred to the 2nd Gurkhas and Lieutenant Bell Kingsley, of the 5th Infantry, is transferred to the 2nd Battalion, 9th Gurkhas.

It has been decided that no movements in relief of the Royal Horse Artillery batteries will be carried out during the movement season 1906-07.

ARRIVALS, NOV. 23.

Captain Dundas, Staff, on leave, from Poona.
Captain A F C Williams, 31st Lancers on leave from Deesa.
Major W E Kerrich, R A on leave, from Calcutta.

DEPARTURES, NOV. 23.

Lieut H T Burton, 66th Punjabis, on leave, from Pondicherry.
Captain E L Mackenzie, R L Sussex Regt on duty to Umballa.
Lieut E V Benney, R E Sussex Regt on duty, to Umballa.
Captain Dundas, Staff, on duty, to Ahmedabad.
Captain H R Hopwood, 33rd Cavalry, on duty to Poona.
Captain G M Molley, Poona Horse, on duty, to Aurungabad.
Lieut R B Cousens, R F A on duty, to Kirkee.

It is a lucky thing for Lord Rosebery that he is a Scotsman by birth and a wit by reputation. In an address to the Scottish History Society he made the astounding suggestion that it is no use studying Scottish history after the period of the Waverley Novels, because there is none to study. The railways have taken so many Englishmen to Scotland that the Scots have absorbed their characteristics, wherefore there are no Scotsmen left. Conceive what would have happened to an Englishman who dared to make such a statement—the extinction of a nation by a phrase.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs Winslows Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

ADMIRAL TOGO'S REPORT TO THE THRONE.

WE take from the "Japan Chronicle" the following text of the report presented by Admiral Togo to the Emperor at the audience at Tokio on the 22nd of October:—

"It is now one year and a-half since the Combined Fleet set out on the expedition against the Russians. During that time the Imperial arms have won every battle fought on land and sea, and we, his Imperial Majesty's servants, are enabled to return in triumph to the seat of the Imperial Throne after accomplishing our duty. This is truly due to the Imperial glory and virtue, and we, his Majesty's servants, are ever conscious that we owe profound gratitude to his Majesty.

"When the Combined Fleet opened the first stage of operations, I, his Imperial Majesty's servant, surveyed the features of land and sea in pursuance of the Imperial command, and also the quarters of the land fighting, and in drawing up the plan of operations of the Fleet it was made the primary object to press the main force of the enemy's squadron in the direction of Port Arthur and prevent it from entering the stronghold of Vladivostock. With this object in view the enemy was first attacked at Port Arthur and Chemulpo. The attack was repeated several times, and the enemy's force cut down by degrees. Strenuous efforts were made to reduce the enemy's zone of operations by undertaking frequent expeditions to block the harbour of Port Arthur and mining the enemy's waters there. A portion of the Fleet was kept constantly the Korean Channel to hold that strategical area and watch the movements of the Russian squadron at Vladivostock, at the same time forming the second line of fighting against the Port Arthur squadron. During the first stage in the execution of this plan, the enemy continually took shelter under the forts of his stronghold, which rendered the continual attacks of the Imperial Fleet almost ineffective.

In the middle of August, last year, the main force of the enemy's squadron at Port Arthur attempted to dash for Vladivostock. The battles of the Yellow Sea and Ulsan (Korea) were then fought and the enemy's scheme unexpectedly frustrated. By this our objects were then half accomplished. Subsequently the land campaign made good progress, and the determined attack on the rear of Port Arthur by our Army simultaneously with the patient and steady blockade of our Fleet resulted ultimately in the total destruction of the enemy's main force in the harbour of Port Arthur. The operations at this stage were steadily producing their natural effects, the attacks extending over about ten months.

During the whole war no greater energy, mental and physical, was used and no greater intellectual skill and personal valour were displayed by our officers and men than in the operations of the stage referred to. Many officers and men died a loyal death and many ships were lost in these various operations. In the main they settled the contest in the war, and prepared the way for the decisive victory of our Fleet in the Battle of the Sea of Japan.

On the turn of the year the Fleet passed into the second stage of its operations. The Fleet was overhauled and prepared for action against the second squadron of the enemy. At the same time Siberian littoral was blockaded to cut of the importation of war material for the enemy, and a division of the Fleet was sent to the South occasionally to menace the enemy's communications. In the course of these operations over thirty foreign vessels were seized in or near the Tsushima, Soya, Tsugaru, and Kunajiri Channels.

"By the beginning of May last, when the Russian second squadron made its appearance in the China Seas, the main force of the Imperial Fleet was concentrated in the Korean Straits, in order to strike the fatigued enemy with refreshed vigour. The bravery of our officers and men, by the grace of the gods, was rewarded with success step by step, and in one action on the Japan Sea, the enemy was entirely swept away. The operations in this stage of the naval campaign were then concluded.

"Since that time the control of the seas, in name as well as in reality, fell into the hands of the Imperial Fleet, and the third stage was entered upon with much lightened duties. The Fleet took part in the conquest of Saghallen in conjunction with the army, and accomplished its duty without the loss of a single man. In North Korean waters the Fleet menaced the enemy, effectually maintaining the blockade of Russian territorial waters until the armistice was made and peace concluded.

"In brief, the work of the Fleet was divided into three stages. In the first the line of fighting was settled, in the second the contest was decided, and in the third the fruits of the fighting were gathered. Difficulties were experienced occasionally, but the offensive tactics which were undeviatingly pursued from the outset always progressed favourably, until the present triumphal return. The warships of the Imperial Fleet returning in triumph and now assembled in Tokio Bay number one hundred and seventy odd. A number of vessels of the Fleet was lost in the course of the war, but additions were made to the Fleet with the captured warships, and we, his Majesty's servants, deem it an honour that the Fleet could be maintained at a strength not inferior to that before the war.

In conclusion, I, his Majesty's servant, am happy to add that the Combined Fleet was greatly assisted and benefited by the success of the Army in the operations in Manchuria and Korea. The operations of the Fleet advanced satisfactorily in every respect by the perfect organisation and prompt action of all branches of the Navy, and by the Government authorities. To-day, his Imperial Majesty's servant most respectfully begs to report on the progress of the operations on the seas, and on the termination of his responsibility in the Imperial command.

"TOGO HEIHACHIRO."

'Commander-in-Chief of the Combined Fleet."

The following is the rescript issued by the Emperor in reply:—

That the Combined Fleet, which we supervise, has bravely surmounted all the difficulties it encountered and achieved unprecedented success in naval warfare, is recognised at home and abroad. After personally hearing the details of the campaign from you, we are more deeply impressed than ever with the loyalty, self-sacrifice and valour of officers and men. We wish you to take every care of your health."

LIONISING A RELUCTANT HERO.

Judging from the reports of the various functions at which Admiral Togo has been honoured in the brief period which has elapsed since the arrival of the Combined Fleet in Tokio Bay the great sailor does not take very kindly to the process of hero worship to which he has been compelled to submit. The modesty and taciturnity which are well known, to be among his most salient characteristics appear to have been so much to the fore during the festivities of the last few days as to give rise to not a few somewhat amusing incidents. The following, for instance, is the account which appears in the "Japan Mail" of the meeting of the Japanese Commander-in-Chief with Admiral Noel at the dinner given by Governor Sufu on the 20th:—"The Japanese Admiral was engaged in conversation with Mr. and Mrs. George Barclay when Sir Gerard Noel arrived, and the two men at once advanced to meet each other. But Togo did full justice to his reputation for shyness and silence. The only sentence of English he appears to have perpetrated was, 'I will see you again to morrow,' and the Japanese reporters say that his mien was as that of a sensitive child which suddenly finds itself in the society of grown-ups. The illusion became even more marked when Admiral Togo had to conduct Lady McDonald to the dining room, for he appeared quite a pigmy by her side, and so far from leading her seemed to be led by her. Throughout the banquet the Admiral maintained his mood of extreme reserve, even Mrs. Barclay's brilliant conversational powers failing to strike a responsive spark. In fact his great achievements do not appear to have elated him in the smallest degree. He remains the same Togo 'the Silent' as ever, his mien in society not differing one whit from his mien on the quarterdeck of his flagship. The Niroku Shimpo, speaking of these things, recalls the saying of Confucibus:—'Kunshi wa saitoku aite yobu ga naru ga gotoshi.' The great man possesses capacity but has the face of a fool, and, recalls also the fact that Saigo Takamori, whom Togo served in the letters very early days, used to introduce him with the phrase 'Kore wa Togo Heihachiro to mosu bakumono de gozarimasu' (This is the foolish Togo Heihachiro). The same qualities of reticence and gaucherie in society were shown by Saigo himself, and the 'Niroku' says these words of Saigo's show that he instinctively recognised a brother-genuis in Togo. Men of this type maintain in the presense of the greatest peril the same imperturbable mind and demeanour that mark their daily intercourse. The Niroku also relates that when, on the eve of the Battle in the Sea of Japan, the Minister of State for the Navy conveyed to Togo an earnest message from the Throne, urging the importance of the occasion and the necessity for a supreme effort, Togo's answer was 'Yoroshiku go anshin araseraruyo ni ose agerare yo. Tatakai wa tada kisen ni soro. Heihachiro kanarazu kisen wo seishite goran ni ire Mosu Bishi' (Pray ask His Majesty to rest assured. Battle is merely a matter of opportunity. You shall see that Heihachiro will not forfeit the occasion).

At the ball on Friday, Admiral Togo again endeavoured to keep himself in the background as far as possible. He entered the hall attired in the plainest of uniforms and tried to efface himself throughout the proceedins although he was naturally not very successful, being everywhere the centre of observation. He effected his escape very shortly after supper. Before his departure, however, Governor Sufu made a speech in which he said that, as the entertainment given that evening in honour of Admiral Noel and Lady Noel fell on the eve of the centenary of the battle of Trafalgar, he would take advantage of the occasion to ask his guests to rise and drink to the memory of Nelson. The toast was received with great cheering and when it had subsided, cheers were raised for Admiral Togo.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

The "Bombay Government Gazette," Nov. 23.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Hon Mr Justice Badrudin Tyabji Bar-at-Law Judge of His Maj's High Court of Judicature Bombay is granted with effect from the 2 th Nov or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it such privilege leave as may be admissible to him on full pay on that date in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to one year.

Rao Bahadur Mansukhram Mulji Assist Supdt of Police Ahmedabad to issue special warrants.

Mr Balkrishna Atmji Darp Mahalkari petha Parola in the dist of Khandesh to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar.

Messrs W B Manley E P White and O A Harker to be Third Grade Assist Supdts of Police on probation and to place them under the orders of the Supdts of Police of Kathiawar Belgaum and Khandesh respectively pending further orders.

Mr E J Bolus I C S Assist Collr and Magt of the First Class in the dist of Poona is invested with the following additional powers specified in the fourth schedule to the said Code:—Power to require security for good behaviour. Power to make orders as to local nuisances Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen etc.

Mr Dhanjisha Dosabhai Cooper B A LL B Acting Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge Panvel to be Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge.

Mr Pandurang Balvant Divekar Mahalkari petha Shirala in the dist of Satara to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar.

Mr Bhimrao Narsinha Hublikar to continue to be Additional Second Class Subordinate Judge Gadag until the closing of that Court for the next summer vacation.

Mr Shankar Appaji Gupte to continue to act as Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge Dahanu during the absence on deputation of Mr Hubliker or pending further orders.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Capt H W Berthon Assist Political Agent Third Grade to be Assist Political Agent Kathiawar.

Mr Narbheram Jamietram Fifth Grade Deputy Assist Political Agent Mahi Kantha is granted privilege leave for one month from the 6th Nov or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Azam Umiashankar G Trivedi Agency Head Clerk Mahi Kantha to act as Fifth Grade Depy Assist Political Agent and to do duty as Native Assist to the Political Agent Mahi Kantha during the absence on leave of Mr Narbheram or pending further orders.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr H L Painter B A (Oxon) I C S to be a member of the Sub-Committee for Vernacular Examinations of the Central Committee for Dept Examinations vice Mr C V Vernon B A (Oxon) I C S.

The privilege leave for three months granted to Mr P B Haigh I C S Assist Collr Kanara is cancelled.

Mr Ganpat Jayavant Rege Extra Assist Conservator of Forests Second Grade held charge of the office of Divisional Forest officer W D Kanara during the absence of Mr P E Aitchison on furlough on medical certificate.

Mr A D Brown I C S has been allowed for to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr O Rothfeld I C S is granted one month's examination leave.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Capt C H S Lincoln I M S to be Professor of Materia Medica and Pharmacy Grant Medical College Bombay.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Capt C R Bakhle I M S to be Civil Surgeon Bijapur.

Capt C H S Lincoln I M S to be Resident Surgeon St George's Hospital Bombay.

The following appointments are madevice Lieut Co H W B Boyd F R C S (Ir) I M S appointed Medical Officer to the Kathia war Political Agency and in charge of the West Hospital Rajkot:—Lieut-Col M A T Collie M B (Aber) C M I M S to be Physician St George's Hospital Bombay—Lieut-Col J P Barry B A M B I M S to be Presidency Surg Third Dist and in medical charge of the Common Prison House of Correction and Byculla Schools Bombay.

Mr H B Gray M D I M S to be Presidency Surg Second Dist and Marine Surg and Supt Lunatic Asylum Colaba.

Lieut G W C Lucas Adjutant H E the Govr's Body guard has been granted privilege leave for 60 days with effect from the 8th Jan.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. BUSSELL COMMANDING R. V. A.

Bombay, November 24.

MEETING

1. There will be a meeting of the Carbine Association of the Club, Apollo Bunder, to-morrow, (Saturday) the 25th instant at 6-45 p m.

Business—To pass accounts and arrange programme for current season.

2. There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at the B V A Club on Monday the 27th instant at 6-30 p m.

By Order
A STIFFE, Capt. R. A.
Adjt. R. V. A

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FERRERS NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, November 24.

1. There will be Drill for Recruits to-day (Friday) the 24th instant at Head-Quarters at 6 p m

2. The Range at Ghat Cooper and the 113th Native Infantry Rifle Range at Santa Cruz will be available for Class firing on Sunday 26th instant.

By Order,
G. D. PRICE, Captain,
Adjutant R. V. R,

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 21st Oct. 1905, on 504·35 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated.)	Total Earnings
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	1,20,000	1,65,000	4,000	2,89,000
Or per mile of Railway	38	327	8	573
For previous 15 weeks of half-year	17,40,003	24,03,604	38,292	41,81,899
Total for 16 weeks.	18,60, 03	25,68,604	42,292	44,70,899
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,21,777	2,14,917	999	3,40,633
Per mile of Ry. do.	247	421	2	678
Total to corresponding date do.	17,76,678	25,50,331	56,705	43,63,714

Decrease for the week ..... Rs. 51,633
Increase to date ..... ,, 1,07,185

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury Gazette, 20th Nov. 1905.
The weekly Memorandum of remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills:—

1	Amount to be remitted during 1905-06	£15,500,000
2	Remitted from 1st April 1905 to 18th Nov. 1905 by Council Bills	£11,987,191
	By Gold ..	Nil
3	Balance to be remitted from 19th Nov. 1905 to 31st March 1906	£ 1,512,809

MR. FREDERICK Fast Abbott, who is shortly to make his appearance before a London audience, at a private "seance," given recently, gave some startling manifestations of hypnotic science, not the least interesting of which was a successful attempt to hypnotise a subject over the telephone. Leaving the room in company with one of the spectators, he went to the nearest call office and rang up his subject. Before the latter had held the receiver to his ear thirty seconds he fell back into the arms of those surrounding him, and remained unconscious until the return of Mr. Abbott.

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

It was stated by a contributor the other day that Balliol was Dr. Arnold's college. This was not so, although his eldest son, Matthew, was there. Arnold himself was a scholar of Corpus Christi and afterwards a Fellow of Oriel.

It was an occurrence in Russia which led to the assassination of a British Prime Minister. While Lord G. Leveson Gower, afterwards Earl Granville, was Ambassador to Russia, Bellingham suffered some supposed grievance, in revenge for which he shot Spencer Percival. The occurrance sent a thrill of terror through the House of Lords. I have just been informed, said Lord Chancellor Eldon, from the Woolsack, of a most melancholy and atrocious event, which has happened in the lobby of the other House. In the situation, I feel it my duty to apprise your lordship that I shall take care to give the proper direction to the officers that none shall go out of the doors of this House of Parliament till we have been fully satisfied that they have not the means of doing further mischief. It was believed at the moment that there was a plot to assassinate all the Ministers, and orders were, given to search for concealed firearms all strangers below the bar. Bellingham, who had been confined in a lunatic asylum, fired the fatal shot at five o'clock on the afternoon of May 11; he was tried four days later, and before nine o'clock on the morning of the 18 h, his dead body lay in the dissecting-room of Surgeons' Hall.

When woman is logical she is remorselessly so. Miss Helen Hall, an American upholder of euthanasia, urges that the happy despatch should be administered to incurable invalids by means of a poison which should also be an anæsthetic. This idea has been mooted before, but Miss Hall adds an interesting rider, to the effect that railway carriages should be fitted with boxes containing such drugs, for the benefit should an accident occur, of travellers hurt beyond hope of recovery. Mrs. Totten of Washington, goes a step further; she would like to see guards and porters authorised to blow their brains out. And yet we are always being told that women are illogical.

The fireworks season which is about to commence recalls the fact that fireworks as a pastime are rarely spoken of previous to the reign of Elizabeth when the foyste, or galley, with a red dragon and wild men casting of fire accompanied the Lord Mayor's barge upon the Thames. A writer, in the reign of James I., states that there were then abiding in the city of London, men very skilful in the art of pyrotechnic, of fireworks, which were principally displayed by persons fantastically dressed and called green men. In 1814, in celebration of the general peace and the centenary of the accession of the Brunswick family to the British throne, a great exhibition took place at the Government expense, these fireworks being by Sir William Congreve, of rocket celebrity. At the Coronation of William IV, the amount expended for fireworks and for keeping open the public theatres was £3,034 18s. 7d.

The case brought by Frau Wagner and her son Herr Siegfried Wagner, against a Leipzig publisher for the purpose of restraining the letter from publishing some twenty-four letters written by Richard Wagner to the composer, Peter Cornelius, has been dismissed, the Leipzig Court ruling that though the nature of the letters was an intimate one, such document cannot be viewed as personal and private property and that the present owner had acted within his legitimate rights. Frau Wagner, nevertheless, intends to appeal to the Higher Court sitting in Dresden.

What is the minimum quantity of food on which human life may be sustained? It appears to have been reached in Sydney, Judge Heydon, presiding over the Industrial Arbitration Court, remarked, I know one gentleman in Sydney, who says that his food costs him just tenpence a week. He is a very prominent citizen and highly respected. If you would like to call him as a witness I will give you his name. The barrister replied, I will be very pleased to do so. He may be able to show my clients how to live more cheaply.

In every church or parish to be erected, pursuant to an Act made in the second Session of this Parliament, within Stepney parish the first rector shall be nominated and appointed by the Principal and scholars of Brasenose College, in Oxford, and also in every chapel in Stepney, which shall be converted into a parochial church. It was stipulated that the fifty churches should be built of stone with a tower or steeple to each, "whereof one should be in the parish of Greenwich." In the Strand it was stipulated that nothing in the Act should prejudice the title of John Walker and his wife Elizabeth or their heirs or the heirs of Mary Walker to the soil eastwards from the gutter running from Little Drury-lane to the kennel, which runs down the Strand to Strand Bridge, and to four feet over south of the said gutter, and to run to the fishmonger's shop adjoining the watch-house and the little bridge lying over the great gutter, etc.

The Russian theatrical world has just lost one of its most prominent members in the person of Modest Ivanowitch Tissarew, who was a popular actor at the Alexander Theatre, and died only a few days since. Tissarew began professional life as a barrister he, soon however, forsook the law for the stage and joined the Moscow People's Theatre about the middle of the sixties. He soon attracted the attention of the critics, and his advance in his new career was a rapid one. In 1885 Modest Ivanowitch Pissarew made his debut in St. Petersburg and an instantaneous success led to his engagement at the theatre, his connection with which has only been severed by death.

The best way to prevent the abuse of tobacco is to smoke slowly. At a convention of pipe-smokers held in Belgium the other day the president, M. Kos, informed his hearers that it took him three hours and seven minutes to get through one pipe. It is obvious that at this rate of going one could hardly smoke more than four pipes a day. A pipe according to M. Kos, will outlast three hours if filled in a particular way—loosely, that is, at the bottom, firmly in the middle, and again loosely at the top. Further, said he, you must give up your whole mind to the process. Patience and determination make the true smoker. M. Kos went on to affirm that the object of the convention, strange as it might appear, was to combat abuse of tobacco. Those who smoke slowly get the greatest amount of pleasure out of their tobacco, while the nicotine is absorbed in the wood, and does not reach the lips. It is a counsel of perfection, better suited to the Belgian-temperament than to our own.

JUDGE OF NATAL SUPREME COURT

Mr. Justice Finnemore Tells of Remarkable Cure of Distressing Eczema By Cuticura—Grew Worse Under Professional Treatment.

OTHER SUFFERERS CURED BY CUTICURA

"I suffered a severe attack of eczema on the scalp, face, ears, and neck, and was for several months under professional treatment, but became worse. My face was dreadfully disfigured, and I lost nearly all my hair. My wife prevailed upon me to try the Cuticura Remedies, which I did with most satisfactory results, the disease disappearing and my hair growing thicker and glossier than before my illness. My wife has purchased Cuticura for other sufferers, with good results in each case.—Robert Isaac Finnemore (Judge of the Natal Supreme Court), Pietermaritzburg, Natal."

AGONIZING ECZEMA

And Itching, Burning Eruptions, with Loss of Hair, Cured by Cuticura.

The Cuticura Treatment is at once agreeable, speedy, economical, and comprehensive. Bathe the affected parts freely with hot water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent, or Pills, to cool and cleanse the blood. This treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning, and scaly humours, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring humours, eczemas, rashes, and inflammations, from infancy to age, when all other remedies and the best physicians fail.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U. S. A., Sole Props.

Send for "How to Cure Eczema." Mailed Free.

FOR COUGHS & COLDS USE "LINSEED COMPOU

M.A.P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

It sometimes seems a bit unfair to tell the story of a play whose author, having little himself to tell, is yet successful in interesting and satisfying his audience. I can imagine the man who was told the story of 'Captain Drew on Leave' saying to the teller, after the fashion of the noble amateur in A "Pantomime Rehearsal" Why, not I. And I can imagine the same man going to the New Theatre and thoroughly enjoying himself. The strength of Mr. H. H. Davies' new comedy is in his own particular way of writing it, and in Sir Charles Wyndham's and Miss Mary Moore's and Miss Marion Terry's own particular ways of acting it. To see 'Captain Drew on Leave' is to recognise what an amazingly unimportant thing a story on the stage really is. There are four acts of this comedy at the New, and the theme they share between them is as familiar as bread and butter, and quite as thin as the kind one gets at afternoon at homes. Yet, such is the quality of the author's work in the direction of dialogue and character-making, and such is the quality of the interpretation given to this work by Sir Charles and his comrades, that there is not a tiresome minute from one end of the play to the other.

Mr. Hubert Henry Davies could have rattled his story about in a nutshell had he liked, or had he seen more profit in this course than in the one he has taken. For this story is really nothing more in the main than the old, old business of the gay Lothario who falls in love with a married woman (the first time in his life he has seriously fallen in love,) and, being innocently responsible for a "compromising situation," is melodramatically blackmailed by an elegantly-attired scoundrel. The only particular in which this story differs from others of its kind is in the lady's determination to face her husband rather than allow the gay Lothario to pay the thousand pounds demanded for the blackmailer's silence—a wise determination in all cases, but an especially wise one in the case of Mrs. Moxon, who, whatever her intentions might have been when she visited a studio at midnight, is still on good terms with the Seventh Commandment. But how finely the story is told and how splendidly it is interpreted! Playgoers who miss the acting in this of Sir Charles Wyndham, of Miss Mary Moore, and of that great artist Miss Marion Terry, will miss one of the best treats of the theatrical season.

There is poetry in nutshells as well as plot. Miss Marion Terry, the Mrs Moxon of Mr. Davies's nutshell narrative, tells a funny story which proves it. It is well-known that one of the penalties of being a prominent and sympathetic actress is the constant receipt of letters of appreciation and of something more, from strangers; and of these attentions Miss Terry has naturally had a full share. The strangers have in some cases been strange in more than one sense. One night she received an ill-spelt anonymous letter in which there was inclosed a poem in her praise. The writer, a poet of that order which provides the laughter at the London Sheriff's Court in breach of promise cases, stated in his letter that he would much like to speak to her, only that he felt, he dared not do so; so would the actress, to show she was not offended with him, call out Good-night! on leaving the stage door after the performance! You will know me, he concluded, because I shall be standing on the kerbstone cracking nuts!

Among the many famous men who visited the home of the Terrys, when they were children was Lewis Carroll. With her sister Florence (who afterwards became Mrs. Morris), Miss Marion Terry would sit for hours together with the man who has done so much to earn the gratitude of all children, listening in big-eyed wonder to the quaint and pretty stories of his tireless imagination, and laughing heartily at the funny drawing with which he illustrated his tales as he told them. Since the death of Lewis Carroll there have been many mothers who have claimed for their daughters the honour of having been the original Alice. It is only natural that this should have been so. But it is well-known that the heroine of Carroll's delightful books was so largely made up of the personality of Miss Marion Terry as to leave little room for trimmings from other young bodies; and it can be as well imagined that there are few women living who are better entitled by gentleness of nature to have been thus closely associated with the work of such a man as Lewis Carroll.

As an amateur actress, Miss Marion Terry made her first appearance in "A Wolf in Sheep's Clothing," written by her father's friend, Tom Taylor. This was in Melton Mowbray, where the pork pies come from—and where, by a cruelly cunning affinity of circumstance, iron ore comes from also. Her career as an amateur was a singularly short one, for beyond the appearance referred to, and one other in "A Lesson of Life," her art may be said to have been exercised entirely in the professional atmosphere. Miss Terry was fourteen, when she acted as one of the great unpaid in Tom Taylor's play; she was little more than this when she made her first professional entrance on the stage she has so honoured and adorned. The part she played on this occasion (Manchester being the scene of the experiment) was not an altogether unambitious one—it was Ophelia. For quite two minutes in the mad scene—it seemed more like two hours to the girl—the text of Shakespeare suddenly and completely left her; so she rose from the flowers in which she was grovelling, and gained time for the return of memory by decking poor Laertes with sprigs of all sorts of things from the collection of garden stuff she had brought in with her from the royal grounds. At last the words came back to her, and she went on with her scene to its end, while Laertes slowly divested himself of his Jack-in-the-Green disguise, and stood before the audience once more in the character he was being paid to represent. Tom Taylor, who had "arranged" the tragedy, complimented her heartily upon her presence of mind. Laertes, who felt Miss Terry had scored at the expense of making him look a bit greener than usual, was not so generous over the matter.

One hears without surprise that Miss Olga Nethersole has made a great success in Washington in Mr. W. L. Courtney's version of M. Paul Hervieu's play "Le Dedale." In the first place, the part of Marianne d'Ogis (what an unromantic surname in its English pronunciation!) is one which precisely suits the temperament of the actress. Marianne winning and marrying again the man from whom she has been divorced, is one of those excitable and emotional creatures who, whether she does evil or good, does it her thoroughly and with a vengeance. In certain phases of her nature she is a Marguerite Gautier or a Sapho—at times frantically worldly; at others, desperately domestic. Now loving, now hating; now whining now raging, and always (this is the funny part of it) expecting, if not demanding, to be thoroughly understood. Marianne is a very complex person, and a very fiery and morbid and interesting one. That is why her success, in the first place, and in the hands of Miss Nethersole, who reveals in such natures, is not a surprising one. In the second place, Miss Nethersole is much beloved by the American public.

It is interesting at this moment, while cables and more cables are reaching England on the subject of this fresh triumph Miss Olga Nethersole has made in America, to go back to the opening paragraph of Chapter of Autobiography the actress contributed to "M. A. P." in 1902, on the eve of her production over here of Sapho. To those who would try and understand her nature and the reason of her great loyalty to the comedy I can think of nothing more helpful to a conclusion than these words: In the days of my youth I "they were days of dreaming, of building, of creating; of living the lives of those I dreamed, built, and created; of weeping with them, in them, or them, over the traffic afflictions my romantic fancy placed in their path, rejoicing with them, in them, over the few triumphs, I allowed them. For I was a sad child, and it was seldom, I found the characters of my mind's eye, especially the women, anything to be joyful about. How was that I wonder? Perhaps I was morbid! If so, what a profound, tragic, all powerful thing is morbidity! . . . My brain was a hot-house of heroes and heroines, they throve in it from morning to night, and absorbed all my sympathy and interest. I felt their gladness within my breast their burdens upon my back. I throbbed with their anguish, and shook (how seldom!) with their laughter." It is difficult to the reader of such words to escape the picture they present of a baby positively born to play the Gautiers, and the Tanquerays, and the Saphos of the drama!

How many thousands of times did Shiel Barry play the miser Gaspard in "Les Cloches de Corneville,' the Farnie and Reece adaptation of the Planquette opera comique? He played the character, I believe, until the time came when he was not certain whether, when he heard the bells of St. Martin's, they were really the bells of that church or les cloches de Corneville! So that although everyone will wish that Mr. James Welch, who intends appearing in the part when he has finished with the new play by Mr. Henry Arthur Jones (due at Terry's in January may not fail in his venture, no one will hope his success will be so great as to tempt him to an endeavour to overrun the record of Shiel Barry. Mr. Welch, with his gift of characterisation, especially in the direction of old men, ought to make a most intense and interesting Gaspard. And there is something of the miser in him, too for he has hoarded up the very first salary he ever earned as a professional actor! The money was handed to him at the end of the week in which he made his debut in Liverpool in a farce by Mr. W. H. Denny, called Coercion. It amounted to one shilling, so perhaps the new Gaspard holds tight to it more as a lover of curiosities than as a lover of wealth.

ARDATH SMOKING MIXTURE.

New Season's Crops.

The Original ingredients in Ardath Smoking Mixture of this season's crops, are specially fine in quality.

The High Class

"ARDATH"

SMOKING MIXTURE

Has No Equal in Quality.

MILD. MEDIUM. FULL.

Price 1 Re. 6 As. per ¼-lb. Tin.

AGENTS IN BOMBAY:

ARMY & NAVY COOPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD. D. MACROPOLO & CO.
D. MERWAN & CO. CURZON & Co., 15, Esplanade Road, Bombay.
DINSHAW, MERWAN & CO.
Messrs. M. MELACHRINO & Co., 73, Esplanade Road.

Manufacturers: ARDATH TOBACCO Co., LONDON, Eng.

KESHRANJAN OIL

FOR THE HAIR

KESHRANJAN—The Best Hair-Oil available in the Market.

BEAUTIFULLY SCENTED AND SCIENTIFICALLY MEDICATED.

ABSOLUTELY THE PUREST AND THE MOST HIGHL REFINED HAIR-OIL

Prepared from the best assortment of indigenous vegetable oils in a peculiar harmless process, and perfumed with the aid of many a mild and odorous indigenous ingredients which are perfectly soothing and refreshing.

Price per One Phial ... Re. 1 | Packing and Postage ... As 5.
One Dozen Phials ... ...Rs. 10.
Larger Phial containing four times the quantity of the small one „ 3.
— Do. per Packing and Postage ... ... As. 11.

BATAHARARISHTA

OR

The Specific for Gout and Rheumatism.—With indigenous drugs, cures the gouty and rheumatic diathesis, neutralises lithic acid accumulations, allays pain, softens rigidity, mitigates fever, irritability and restlessness, and finally cures them.

Price per Phial ... ... Re. 1 | Packing and Postage ... ... As.

RATIBALLAV RASAYANA.

A NERVE AND BRAIN VITALIZER

If you want a real Nerve and Brain Vitalizer prepared from ingredients as expounded in the Hindu System of medicines use our

RATIBALLAV RASAYANA

which will astound you with its beneficial results.

Price per Phial ... ... Rs. 1-8 | Packing and Postage ... ... As. 7.

KAVIRAJ NAGENDRA NATH SEN,

Government Medical Diploma-Holder. 18/1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.

ST. JACOBS OIL

The HOUSEHOLD REMEDY for

SPRAINS, BRUISES,

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica and Soreness, And all Muscular Aches and Pains.

Price 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 6d. of all Chemists.

CONQUERS PAIN!

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

THE food for Brain and Nerve Fag.

If you feel your strength, energy and vitality exhausted, it means that the waste of nerve, brain and bodily force is not being properly replaced by the food eaten. If you have fallen into this state from over-work, worry, or the enervation of a hot climate, you will find that the daily use of Horlick's Malted Milk will restore your digestive organs to a proper and healthy condition, and tone up the entire system. Easy of digestion and assimilation, it is, in itself, a perfect food, and may be used with marked advantage as a beverage instead of tea or coffee.

For Infants, Invalids, The Aged, and Travellers.

Instantly prepared by simply stirring in water. Untouched by Hand.

OF ALL AGENTS IN INDIA, BURMAH AND CEYLON.

Horlick's Food Co., 34, Farringdon Road, London, England.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

ENGINEERS,

Culwell Works, WOLVERHAMPTON, Eng.

MAKERS OF PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.

Cable: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON.
Codes: OWN & ABC (5th Edition).

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Estd. since 1829. SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.

Over 60 Years' WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet.
"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—Medical Review.
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—Sir R. Martin.
The Late Lord Clyde said:—"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
"It cured me of Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—Earl of Aldborough.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

N.B. Indispensable to Residents Abroad.

A Celebrated Physician says:—"I always prescribed it with almost universal success in those complaints which are engendered in Tropical Climates, and no one should be without it."

WILKINSON'S (Established since 1829.)

HAS STOOD THE TEST OF TIME, AND THE VERY HIGHEST AUTHORITIES pronounce it SARSAPARILLA THE BEST.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

Be sure you get N.B. the signature of the Proprietor and Trade Mark, thus W WILKINSON'S

Thomas Wilkinson

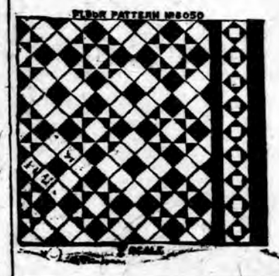
are upon every genuine bottle.

To avoid impositions the public are respectfully asked to note the above. (Any imitation is a felony.)

Fortify the System against Disease with PURE BLOOD.

Agents:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

BOOTE'S TILES



Were first used over fifty years ago, and at the present time are the best obtainable.

Illustrated Catalogue free on Application to

T. & R. BOOTE, Ltd.,

THE PATENT TILE WORKS, BURSLEM, ENGLAND.

Manufacturers of

ARCHITECTURAL FAIENCE For Inside and Outside Decoration.

GLAZED TILES FOR WALLS, HEARTHS, &c.

ENCAUSTIC TILES FOR FLOORS.

CERAMIC MOSAIC A SPECIALITY.

London Office: Birkbeck Bank Chambers, Holborn. W.C.

Manchester Office: 49, Deansgate.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY

SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

Surgery can only give temporary relief to the following diseases:—

They can be radically cured by the unfailing medicines described below:—

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS—watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or flesh globules in the nose, causing obstruction to breathing, are perfectly cured by an effective snuffing powder. For 15 days Rs. 4-8.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, sudden and periodical Colic Pains are cured by unfailing remedies which surpass all other preparations. For 15 days, Rs. 4-8.

LEPROSY—black and white—and Blood-Disorders are satisfactorily cured by my remarkable remedy consisting of pills and Ointment. For 20 days, Rs. 6-8.

SYPHILIS, GONORRHŒA and all sorts of Venereal Diseases in both sexes and all ages are radically cured; unhappy sufferers will find my specific just what they require. Pills and Ointment for 15 days, Rs. 4-8.

ELEPHANTIASIS and similar inflammatory complaints of legs and hands, causing pain, itching, and irritation cured thoroughly by the use of the oil. Pills and oil for 20 days, Rs. 5-8.

ASTHMA, COUGH, CONSUMPTION, Difficult Respiration, Hooping Cough, Cold, Throat Irritation, Blood Phlegm, and similar diseases of the Lungs, Bronchitis, are cured by a month's treatment. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-12.

OPHTHALMIA—Obstinate eye diseases, redness, watery or pus discharges, soreness, Cataract, burning, piercing pain, shortness of sight, flashes, night blindness, are relieved by harmless applications which neither burn nor produce any inconvenience to patients. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

CALCULUS, difficulty in passing urine and Kidney Complaints are treated and cured without surgery. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 6-8.

EPILEPSY, HEMICRANIA, habitual Headache, Dropsy, after effects of mercury and other mineral poisons, cutaneous eruptions. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

MOUTH DISEASES, TOOTH-ACHE and gum swellings with maddening pains, are all very successfully treated and unhappy sufferers restored to health. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 5-8.

TYPHOID Fever, BRAIN Fever, Remittent Fever, Malarial Fever, Intermittent Fever and Ague can be positively cured long before its duration radically by the use of only one phial of pills. Price Rs. 4-8 per phial, for 15 days' medicine.

All my medicines, ointments, pills, powders and oils are prepared out of vegetable drugs only.

Besides the above I have medicines for numerous other chronic diseases not named above always in stock.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO THE INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS.

Up-country orders are promptly executed by Value Payable Post.

Up-country patients are requested to state clearly their age, disease and the duration of the same for my guidance,

Apply to Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYEN JOSHI of Benares,

Tardeo Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Motiwalla's Chawl, Ground Floor, TARDEO, Bombay.

Icilma

Is a Natural Water that has a Marvellous Vitalizing Action on the Skin.

Icilma Water is the most Rapid and Painless Remedy for Styes, Sore Eyes, Children's Irritations, Chilblains, Chaps, Nettle-Rash, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, and Insect-Stings. Prevents and Cures Sunburn, Prickly Heat, Eczema, and Irritations from Heat, Riding, or Weakness.

Icilma Fluor Cream contains no grease, and its refreshing and cleansing virtues make the Skin Healthy Transparent, Free from Wrinkles and Superfluous Hair, and give a lovely clear complexion that needs no powder

Icilma Soap is invaluable for hard or brackish water, and for all Skin Irritations; it is a revelation of what a Soap can be. The marvellous healing and beautifying powers, the soothing effects when tired, irritated, or warm, the absolute harmlessness of Icilma make it a necessity in every home and to every traveller.

ARMY AND NAVY STORES, and all good Chemists.

ALL SEEKING TO ASSIST THE HOME WE RECOMMEND THE

AUTOMATIC KNITTER

Unsurpassed for Family or Business Use.

RAPIDLY KNITS SOCKS, STOCKINGS, UNDERCLOTHING, AND FANCY GOODS.

The most complete Knitter on the Market.

BRITISH MADE.

EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY.

Write—

BOM, 67, Southwark Street, LONDON, England.

PYRKE'S "APOLLO" RESTAURANT

IS NOW OPEN

ENGLISH MEALS

Served in

ENGLISH STYLE

Under

ENGLISH SUPERVISION.

Electric Light & Fans Throughout.

Band every Monday, Wednesday & Saturday.

APOLLO BUNDER.

WOULD YOU NOT LIKE TO BE A MAN.

A Man with Nerve, Strength, Vigor and Ambition?

Why linger in your present condition, unfit for work, always tired, without a spark of manly fire in your system. Read the following, and know that a cure is within your reach.

To

Dr. A. T. Sanden.

I have been a sufferer for years through an overstrain, which caused fainting fits, mental depression, and general debility. In fact, I used to feel altogether unmanlike. I have been treated by several doctors and tried all kinds of quack remedies, to no avail. Had given up all hopes of recovery until a friend advised me to try your "Electric Herculex," and am now writing these few lines in gratitude for the benefit derived during the three months I have worn your appliance. Your Herculex has the most powerful nerve tonic, recuperative, health-giving and strengthening properties of any one of the hundred and one remedies I have tried and should say could be beneficially used for any of the many ills flesh is heir to. I need hardly say, I shall always recommend it. You can with pleasure use these few lines, and my name, if by so doing it will induce any sufferer to use your appliance.

Cala, Tembuland, S. A., 21-3-94.

Yours gratefully, (Sd.) E. W. WAKEFORD,

It will cost you nothing to investigate my system of treatment. All consultations are free and if you cannot call, my latest works on Electrical treatment will be mailed to you, free of charge, on receipt of your name and address.

CALL OR ADDRESS

Dr. A. T. SANDEN,

MOHAMED BUILDINGS, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

Office Hours—9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 07 July, 2017

TH. VAFIADIS & Co.'s
HIGH CLASS
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

ADOPTED BY ALL THE LEADING CLUBS & MESSES THROUGHOUT THE GLOBE.

Price per 100 Rs. 7.

Price per 100 Rs. 5-8

Guaranteed Fresh Consignments by P. and O.'s Mail.

HEAD OFFICE AND FACTORY, CAIRO (EGYPT).

BRANCHES: CALCUTTA, RANGOON, AND LONDON.

Agents: In all the Principal Cities of Europe and in the Far East,

Local Depot:—20, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BY APPOINTMENT
TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY

D. M. DUKLE & Co.
PHOTO DEALERS,
5 Hummum Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

TENT MANUFACTURERS.

GOLD MEDAL.—Calcutta International Exhibition.
SILVER MEDAL.—Melbourne International Exhibition.
BRONZE MEDAL.—Indian and Colonial Exhibition, London.

BECHOBA TENT.

TENTS!
TENTS!!
TENTS!!!
TENTS!!!!

ISS COTTAGE TENT.

Price List and full particulars obtainable from THE MANAGING PARTNER, ELGIN MILLS CO., CAWNPORE.

SERVANT'S PAL.

Calcutta, Bombay and Karachi. Agents—MESSRS. SAMUEL FITZE & Co., LD

MAKES THE SKIN AS SOFT AS VELVET.

PREVENTS THE ATTACK OF MOSQUITOES, etc. When frequently used.

BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola Regd

KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT.

M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents:—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Limited. Messrs. THOMSON & TAYLOR, Bombay.

JEWELLERY UP TO DATE.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 32.

Gold brooch set sapphire and pearls, Rs. 100.

Gold necklet set turquoise and pearls, Rs. 175

Gold pearl pendant, Rs. 38.

Gold pendant set pearl, Rs. 32.

Gold pendant set pearls and gold chain, Rs. 50.

Gold brooch set peridot and pearls, Rs. 140.

Gold necklet set pearls, Rs. 250.

Gold brooch olivine and pearls, Rs. 112.

Gold pendant and chain set pearls, Rs. 50.

Gold pendant set turquoise and pearls, Rs. 115.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 75.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 70.

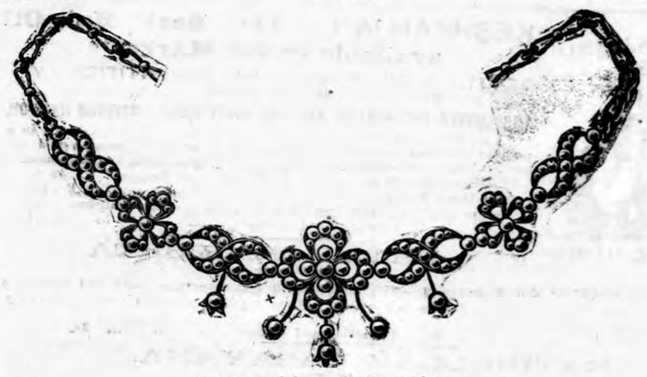
Gold pendant pearls, and chain, Rs. 50.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.

Gold pendant set pearls, Rs. 38.

Gold pendant set diamonds and pearls, Rs. 135

Gold pendant set pearls platinum and gold chain, Rs. 55.



Gold necklet of turquoise and pearls, Rs. 275.

Gold pendant set pearls and gold chain, Rs. 50.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE LAMPWAREHOUSE.

R. DITMAR, BOMBAY.

69, Esplanade Road

We are Manufacturers of HIGH CLASS

AND OFFER YOU

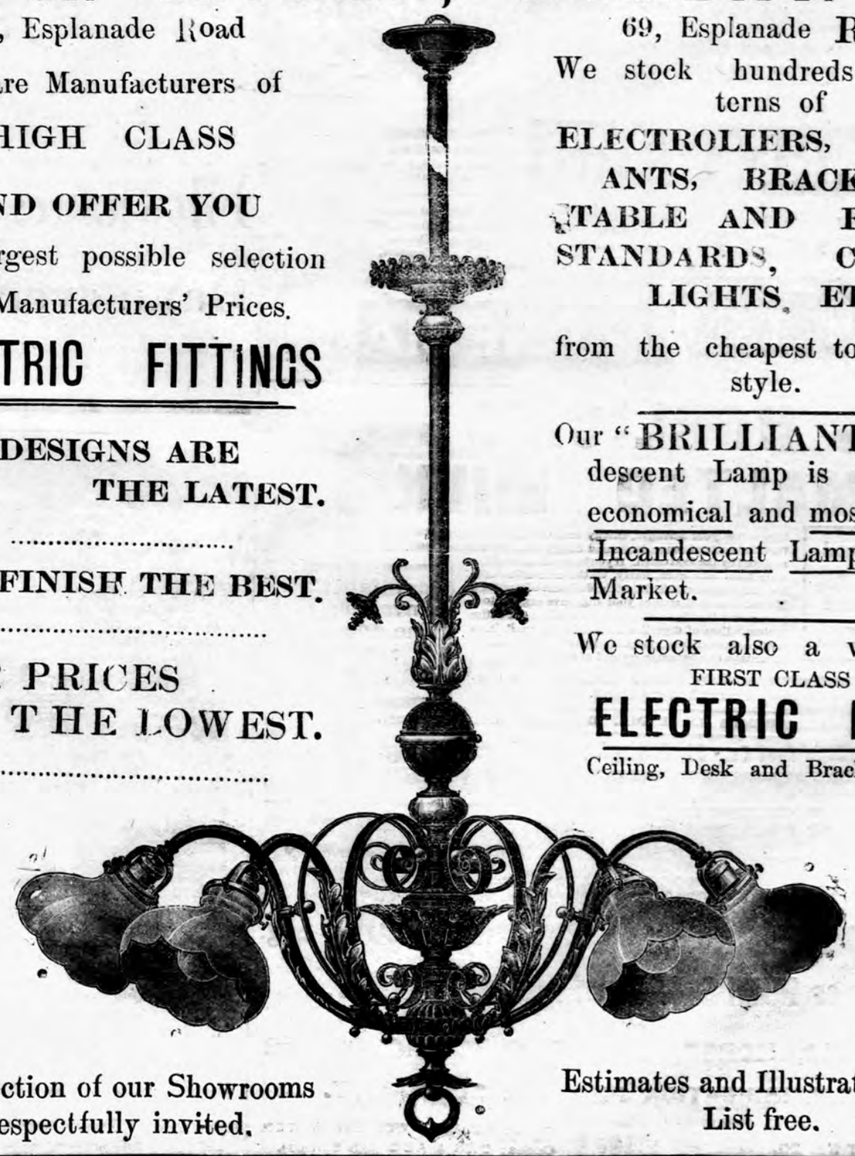
the largest possible selection at Manufacturers' Prices.

ELECTRIC FITTINGS

OUR DESIGNS ARE THE LATEST.

OUR FINISH THE BEST.

OUR PRICES THE LOWEST.



Inspection of our Showrooms respectfully invited.

69, Esplanade Road.

We stock hundreds of patterns of ELECTROLIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS, TABLE AND FLOOR-STANDARDS, CEILING LIGHTS, ETC.

from the cheapest to the best style.

Our "BRILLIANT" Incandescent Lamp is the most economical and most durable Incandescent Lamp in the Market.

We stock also a variety of FIRST CLASS

ELECTRIC FANS,

Ceiling, Desk and Bracket types.

Estimates and Illustrated Price List free.

Recommended by Medical Authorities for the immediate relief of Asthma and Bronchial trouble, Hay Fever, Laryngitis and Irritation of the air passages.

GRIMAULT'S CIGARETTES ease the feeling of tightness across the chest and give à relief from gasping for breath

GRIMAULT & Cie, 8, r. Vivienne, Paris.

The first essential for the preservation of the teeth is to keep them clean.

CALVERT'S
Carbolic
Tooth Powder

makes the use of your toothbrush so much more complete and satisfactory, because it perfects the cleansing, and also supplies the necessary antiseptic properties.

It is thoroughly pleasant to use, too, and leaves a clean refreshing taste in the mouth.

F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, Eng.

Calvert's Prickly-heat Soap is delightful for bath and toilet use, and being antiseptic, alleviates the annoyance of prickly-heat or other skin irritation.

ESTABLISHED 1867.
Cable Address: "Woodhouse, Brighouse." A. 1. Code.
WOODHOUSE & MITCHELL, LIMITED.
Brighouse, Yorkshire, England.
STEAM ENGINES & MILL GEARING
For Textile, Flour & other Mills.
Contractors to H.M. War Department.

Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the Bombay Gazette Offices at No. 121, Meadow Street, Fort Bombay, and printed at the Times Press and Jobbing Office, 4 Peruvian Lane, Hamport Row, Fort
AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.; Messrs. B. J. KEYMER & Co., 1, Whitefriars Street, London, E.C.; Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 68, Fenchurch Street, London, E.C. PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, 224 de Rivoli. CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.